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Caution Statements



This symbol is used throughout this manual to draw attention to topics of special importance to the installation and operation of EMX3 soft starters.

Caution Statements cannot cover every potential cause of equipment damage but can highlight common causes of damage. It is the installer's responsibility to read and understand all instructions in this manual prior to installing, operating or maintaining the soft starter, to follow good electrical practice including applying appropriate personal protective equipment and to seek advice before operating this equipment in a manner other than as described in this manual.



NOTE

The EMX3 soft starter is not user serviceable. The unit should only be serviced by authorised service personnel. Unauthorised tampering with the unit will void the product warranty.

1.1 Electrical Shock Risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the starter, and external option units

The AC supply must be disconnected from the starter using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the starter or before any servicing work is performed.



WARNING - ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Models EMX3-0500B~EMX3-1600C: The busbar and heatsink must be treated as live whenever the unit has mains voltage connected (including when the starter is tripped or waiting for a command).



SHORT CIRCUIT

EMX3 soft starters are not short circuit proof. After severe overload or short circuit, the operation of the soft starter should be fully tested by an authorised service agent.



GROUNDING AND BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

It is the responsibility of the user or person installing the soft starter to provide proper grounding and branch circuit protection according to local electrical safety codes.



FOR YOUR SAFETY

- The STOP function of the soft starter does not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the starter.
 The soft starter must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before accessing electrical connections.
- Soft starter protection features apply to motor protection only. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safety of personnel operating machinery.
- In some installations, accidental starts may pose an increased risk to safety of personnel or damage to the machines being driven. In such cases, it is recommended that the power supply to the soft starter is fitted with an isolating switch and a circuit-breaking device (eg power contactor) controllable through an external safety system (eg emergency stop, fault detector).
- The soft starter has built-in protections which can trip the starter in the event of faults and thus stop the motor. Voltage fluctuations, power cuts and motor jams may also cause the motor to trip.
- There is a possibility of the motor restarting after the causes of shutdown are rectified, which may be dangerous for certain machines or installations. In such cases, it is essential that appropriate arrangements are made against restarting after unscheduled stops of the motor.
- The soft starter is a component designed for integration within an electrical system; it is therefore the
 responsibility of the system designer/user to ensure the system is safe and designed to comply with
 relevant local safety standards.

AuCom cannot be held accountable for any damages incurred if the above recommendations are not complied with.

CAUTION STATEMENTS



AUTO-START

Use the auto-start feature with caution. Read all the notes related to auto-start before operation.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. The information contained in this manual is subject to change at any time and without prior notice. In no event will responsibility or liability be accepted for direct, indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

1.2 Disposal Instructions



Equipment containing electrical components may not be disposed of together with domestic waste.

It must be collected separately as electrical and electronic waste according to local and currently valid legislation.

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2 Introduction

The EMX3 is an advanced digital soft start solution for motors from 11 kW to 850 kW. EMX3 soft starters provide a complete range of motor and system protection features and have been designed for reliable performance in the most demanding installation situations.

2.1 Feature List

Selectable soft starting profiles

- Adaptive control
- Constant current
- Current ramp

Selectable soft stopping profiles

- Coast to stop
- Timed voltage ramp soft stop
- Adaptive control
- Brake

Extensive input and output options

- Remote control inputs
 (3 x fixed, 2 x programmable)
- Relay outputs
 (1 x fixed, 3 x programmable)
- Analog output
- Built-in PT100 RTD input
- Optional expansion cards

Easy-to-read display with comprehensive feedback

- Removable keypad
- Multi-language feedback
- Date and time stamped event logging
- Operational counters (number of starts, hours run, kWh)
- Performance monitoring (current, voltage, power factor, kWh)
- User-programmable monitoring screen

Fully customisable protection

- Motor overload
- Excess start time
- Undercurrent
- Instantaneous overcurrent
- Current imbalance
- Mains frequency
- Input trip
- Motor thermistor
- Power circuit
- Phase sequence

Models for all connection requirements

- 23 A to 1600 A (nominal)
- 200 VAC to 440 VAC
- 380 VAC to 690 VAC
- Internally bypassed options
- In-line or inside delta connection

Optional features for advanced applications

- Input/output expansion
- RTD and Ground fault protection
- DeviceNet, Modbus, Profibus, Ethernet (Ethernet IP, Modbus TCP, Profinet) or USB communication modules

3 Basic Setup

3.1 Setup Procedure Overview



WARNING

Do not apply mains voltage to the starter until all wiring is complete.

- 1. Mount the soft starter (refer to *Physical Installation* on page 7 for details.)
- 2. Connect control wiring (Refer to Control Terminals on page 7 and Control Wiring on page 8 for details).
- 3. Apply control voltage to the starter.
- 4. Set the date and time (refer to Set Date and Time on page 26 for details).
- 5. Configure your application:
 - I. Press **MENU** to open the Menu.
 - 2. Use ▼ to scroll to Quick Setup and press ▶ to open the Quick Setup menu.
 - 3. Scroll through the list to find your application, then press to begin the configuration process (refer to *Quick Setup* on page 40 for details).
- 6. If your application is not listed in Quick Setup:
 - I. Press ◀ to return to the Menu.
 - 2. Use ∇ to scroll to Standard Menu and press \triangleright .
 - 3. Scroll to Motor Data I and press ▶, then press ▶ again to edit parameter IA *Motor Full Load Current*.
 - 4. Set parameter IA to match the motor's full load current (FLC).



NOTE

For advanced applications, refer to Extended Menu on page 42 and Parameter Descriptions on page 45.

- 7. Close the Menu by pressing ◀ repeatedly.
- 8. (Optional) Use the built-in simulation tools to check that the control wiring is connected correctly (refer to *Run Simulation* on page 27).
- 9. Connect mains supply cables to starter input terminals 1/L1, 3/L2, 5/L3 (refer to *Power Input and Output Configurations* on page 9).
- 10. Connect the motor cables to starter output terminals 2/T1, 4/T2, 6/T3.

The soft starter is now ready to control the motor.

3.2 Testing the Installation

The EMX3 can be connected to a small motor for testing. During this test, the soft starter's control input and relay output protection settings can be tested. This test mode is not suitable for testing soft starting or soft stopping performance.

The FLC of the test motor must be at least 2% of the soft starter's minimum FLC (refer to *Minimum and Maximum Current Settings* on page 81).



NOTE

When testing the soft starter with a small motor, set parameter IA *Motor Full Load Current* to the minimum allowable value.

3.3 Simulation Tools

Software simulation functions let you test the soft starter's operation and control circuits without connecting the soft starter to mains voltage.

- The **run simulation** simulates a motor starting, running and stopping to confirm that the soft starter and associated equipment have been installed correctly. Refer to *Run Simulation* on page 27 for details.
- The **protection simulation** simulates activation of each protection mechanism to confirm that the soft starter and associated control circuits are responding correctly. Refer to *Protection Simulation* on page 27 for details.
- The **output signal simulation** simulates output signalling to confirm that outputs and associated control circuits are operating correctly. Refer to *Output Signal Simulation* on page 28 for details.

The simulations are only available when the soft starter is in Ready state, control voltage is available and the keypad is active.

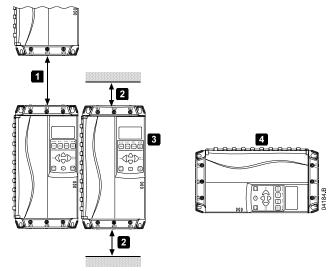


NOT

Access to the simulation tools is protected by the security access code. The default access code is 0000.

4 Installation

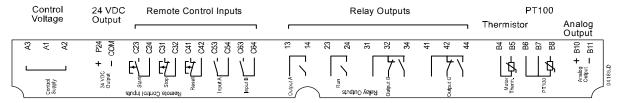
4.1 Physical Installation



_	EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0220B: Allow 100 mm (3.94 inches) between soft starters.				
	EMX3-0255B ~ EMX3-1000B: Allow 200 mm (7.88 inches) between soft starters.				
	EMX3-0255C: Allow 100 mm (3.94 inches) between soft starters.				
	EMX3-0360C ~ EMX3-1600C: Allow 200 mm (7.88 inches) between soft starters.				
2	EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0220B: Allow 50 mm (1.97 inches) between the soft starter and solid surfaces.				
	EMX3-0255B ~ EMX3-1000B: Allow 200 mm (7.88 inches) between the soft starter and solid surfaces.				
	EMX3-0255C: Allow 100 mm (3.94 inches) between the soft starter and solid surfaces.				
	EMX3-0360C ~ EMX3-1600C: Allow 200 mm (7.88 inches) between the soft starter and solid surfaces.				
3	Soft starters may be mounted side by side with no clearance (that is, if mounted without communications				
	modules).				
4	The soft starter may be mounted on its side. Derate the soft starter's rated current by 15%.				

4.2 Control Terminals

Control terminations use 2.5mm² plug-in terminal blocks. Unplug each block, complete the wiring, then reinsert the block.



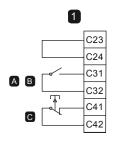
4.3 Control Voltage

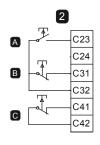
Different models require control voltage to different terminals:

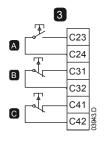
CI (110~210 VAC) A1, A2
 CI (220~440 VAC) A2, A3
 C2 (24 VAC/VDC) A1, A3

4.4 Control Wiring

The EMX3 has three fixed inputs for remote control. These inputs should be controlled by contacts rated for low voltage, low current operation (gold flash or similar).







- 1	Two-wire control
2	Three-wire control
3	Four-wire control
Α	Start
В	Stop
С	Reset



CAUTION

Do not apply voltage to the control input terminals. These are active 24 VDC inputs and must be controlled with potential free contacts.

Cables to the control inputs must be segregated from mains voltage and motor cabling.

The reset input can be normally open or normally closed. Use parameter 6M to select the configuration.

4.5 Relay Outputs

The EMX3 provides four relay outputs, one fixed and three programmable.

The Run output closes when the soft start is complete (when the starting current falls below 120% of the programmed motor full load current) and remains closed until the beginning of a stop (either soft stop or coast to stop).

Operation of the programmable outputs is determined by the settings of parameters 7A~7I.

- If assigned to Main Contactor, the output activates as soon as the soft starter receives a start command and remains active while the soft starter is controlling the motor (until the motor starts a coast to stop, or until the end of a soft stop).
- If assigned to a trip function, the output activates when a trip occurs.
- If assigned to a flag, the output activates when the specified flag is active (parameters 7M~7O).



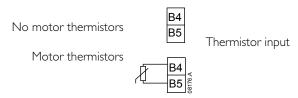
CAUTION

Some electronic contactor coils are not suitable for direct switching with PCB mount relays. Consult the contactor manufacturer/supplier to confirm suitability.

Three additional outputs are available on the input/output expansion card.

4.6 Motor Thermistors

Motor thermistors can be connected directly to the EMX3. The soft starter will trip when the resistance of the thermistor circuit exceeds approximately 3.6 k Ω or falls below 20 Ω .





NOTE

If no motor thermistors are connected to the EMX3 thermistor input terminals B4, B5 must be open. If B4, B5 are shorted, the EMX3 will trip.

The thermistor circuit should be run in screened cable and must be electrically isolated from earth and all other power and control circuits.

4.7 Earth Terminals

Earth terminals are located at the back of the soft starter.

- EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0105B have one terminal on the input side (top).
- EMX3-0145B \sim EMX3-1000B and EMX3-0255C \sim EMX3-1600C have two terminals, one on the input side (top) and one on the output side (bottom).

4.8 Power Input and Output Configurations

Internally Bypassed Models (EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-1000B)

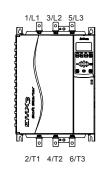
Models EMX3-0023B \sim EMX3-0220B have power inputs at the top of the unit and outputs at the bottom of the unit. Internally bypassed models EMX3-0255B \sim EMX3-0425B have output busbars at the bottom of the unit and input busbars at both the top and bottom of the unit. The AC supply can be connected 'Top in, Bottom out' or 'Bottom in, Bottom out'.

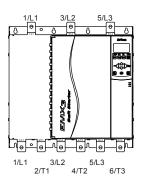
Internally bypassed models EMX3-0500B \sim EMX3-1000B have input and output busbars at the top and bottom of the unit. The AC supply can be connected 'Top in, Bottom out', 'Top in, Top out', 'Bottom in, Bottom out' or 'Bottom in, Top out'.

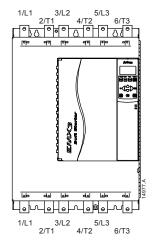
EMX3-0023B~ EMX3-0105B EMX3-0145B~ EMX3-0220B EMX3-0255B~EMX3-0425B

EMX3-0500B~EMX3-1000B



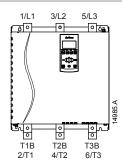






EMX3-0255C

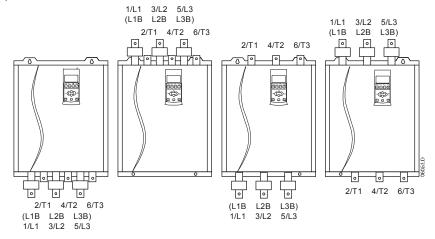
EMX3-0255C has dedicated bypass terminals at the bottom of the unit. The bypass terminals are T1B, T2B, T3B.



EMX3-0360C~EMX3-1600C

EMX3-0360C~EMX3-1600C have dedicated bypass terminals, on the input busbars. The bypass terminals are L1B, L2B, L3B.

The busbars on non-bypassed models EMX3-0360C ~ EMX3-1600C can be adjusted for top or bottom input and output as required. Refer to *Busbar Adjustment Procedure* on page 90 for step-by-step instructions. Units are manufactured top in/bottom out.

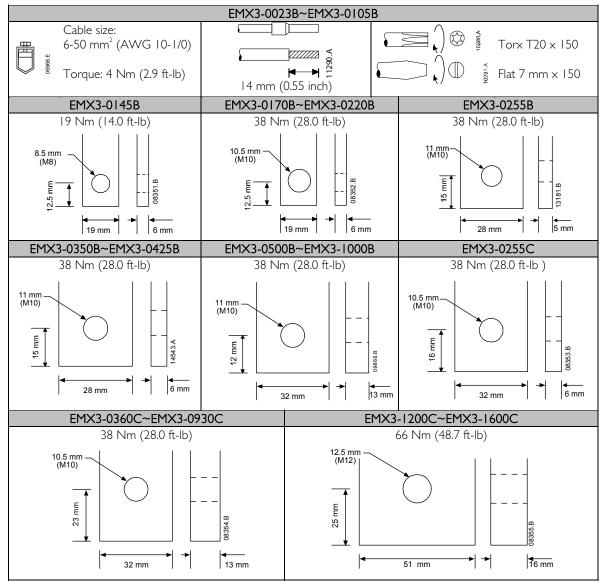


4.9 Power Terminations



NOTE

For personnel safety, the power terminals on models up to EMX3-0105B are protected by snap-off tabs. When using large cables, it may be necessary to break off these tabs.

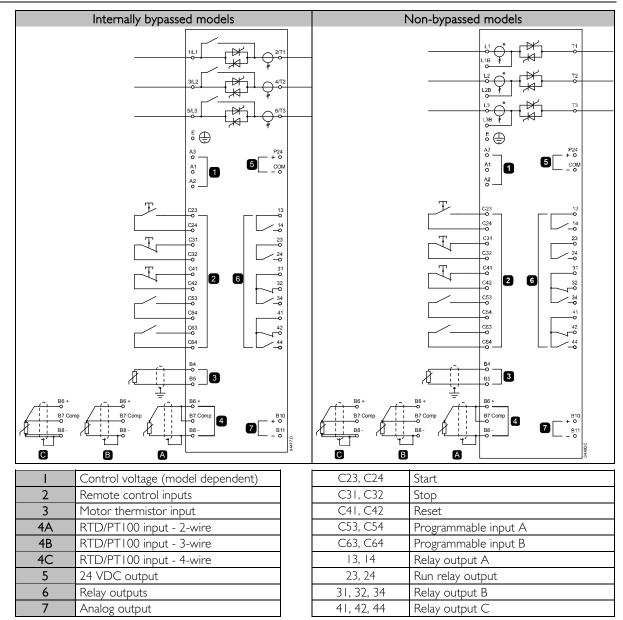


Use only copper stranded or solid conductors, rated for 75 °C or higher.

Use grade 8.8 bolts, lubricated with a medium viscosity machine oil.

Some units use aluminium busbars. When connecting power terminations, we recommend cleaning the surface contact area thoroughly (using an emery or stainless steel brush) and using an appropriate jointing compound to prevent corrosion.

4.10 Schematic Diagrams



Different models require control voltage to different terminals:

CI (II0~2I0 VAC) AI, A2
 CI (220~440 VAC) A2, A3
 C2 (24 VAC/VDC) AI, A3



NOTE

EMX3-0255C current transformers are located on the output. Bypass terminals are labelled T1B, T2B and T3B.

5 Power Circuits

5.1 Motor Connection

EMX3 soft starters can be connected to the motor in-line or inside delta (also called three-wire and six-wire connection). When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) for parameter IA. The EMX3 will automatically detect whether the motor is connected in-line or inside delta and will calculate the correct inside delta current level.

Models which are internally bypassed do not require an external bypass contactor.

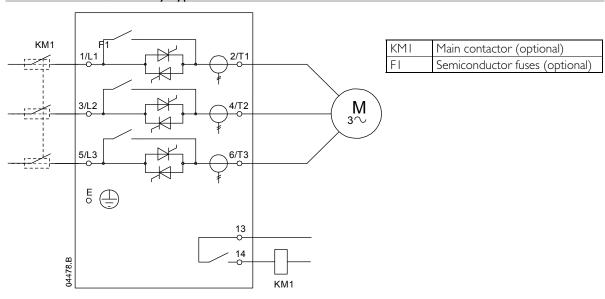
Internally bypassed models:

EMX3-0023B, EMX3-0043B, EMX3-0050B, EMX3-0053B, EMX3-0076B, EMX3-0097B, EMX3-0100B, EMX3-0105B, EMX3-0145B, EMX3-0170B, EMX3-0200B, EMX3-0220B, EMX3-0255B, EMX3-0350B, EMX3-0425B, EMX3-0500B, EMX3-0580B, EMX3-0700B, EMX3-0820B, EMX3-0920B, EMX3-1000B

Non-bypassed models:

EMX3-0255C, EMX3-0360C, EMX3-0380C, EMX3-0430C, EMX3-0620C, EMX3-0650C, EMX3-0790C, EMX3-0930C, EMX3-1200C, EMX3-1410C, EMX3-1600C

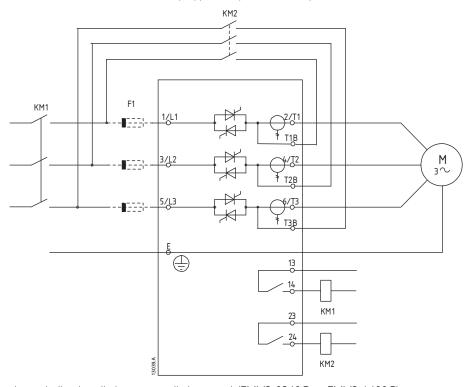
In-line installation, internally bypassed



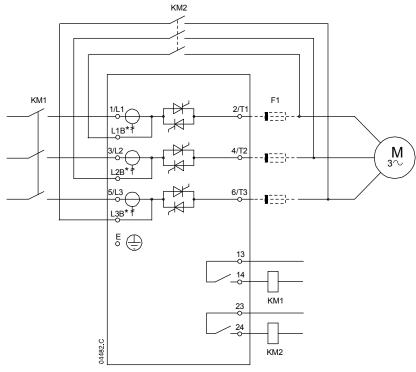
In-line installation, externally bypassed

Non-bypassed models have dedicated bypass terminals, which allow the EMX3 to continue providing protection and monitoring functions even when bypassed via an external bypass contactor. The bypass contactor must be connected to the bypass terminals and controlled by the soft starter's run output (terminals 23, 24).

Power connections - in-line installation, externally bypassed (EMX3-0255C)

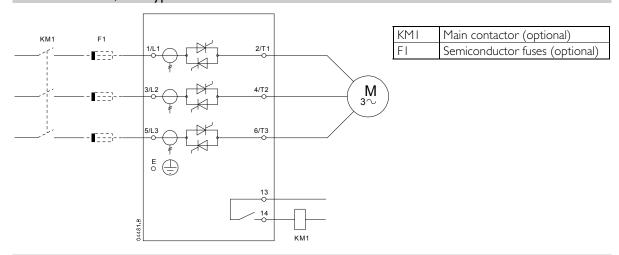


Power connections - in-line installation, externally bypassed (EMX3-0360C to EMX3-1600C)

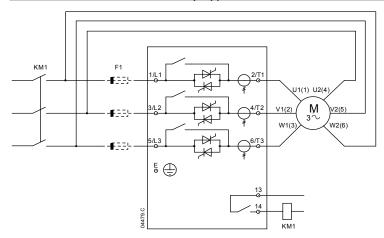


	KMI	Main contactor
	KM2	Bypass contactor (external)
FI Semiconductor fuses (optional)		Semiconductor fuses (optional)

In-line installation, non-bypassed



Inside delta installation, internally bypassed



KMI	Main contactor
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)



CAUTION

When connecting the EMX3 in inside delta configuration, always install a main contactor or shunt trip circuit breaker.



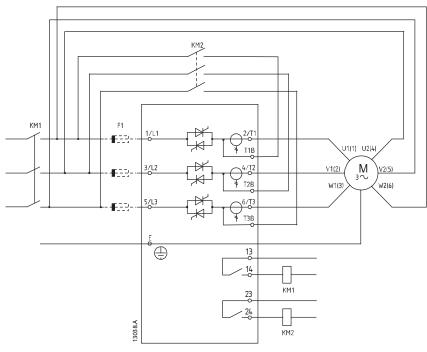
NOTE

When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) for parameter IA. The EMX3 will automatically detect whether the motor is connected in-line or inside delta and will calculate the correct inside delta current level.

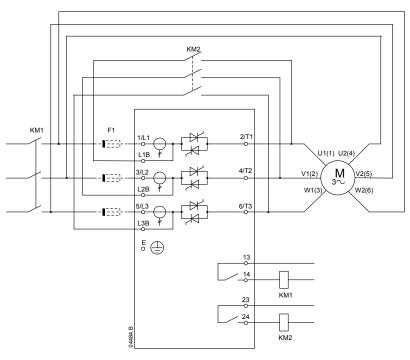
Inside delta installation, externally bypassed

Non-bypassed models have dedicated bypass terminals, which allow the EMX3 to continue providing protection and monitoring functions even when bypassed via an external bypass contactor. The bypass contactor must be connected to the bypass terminals and controlled by the soft starter's run output (terminals 23, 24).

Power connections - inside delta installation, externally bypassed (EMX3-0255C)

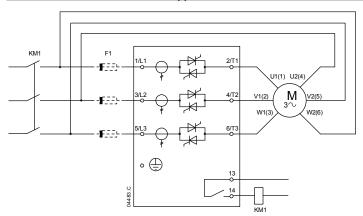


Power connections - inside delta installation, externally bypassed (EMX3-0360C to EMX3-1600C)



KMI	Main contactor	
KM2	Bypass contactor (external)	
FI Semiconductor fuses (optional)		

Inside delta installation, non-bypassed



KMI	Main contactor
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)

5.2 Bypass Contactor

Some EMX3 soft starters are internally bypassed and do not require an external bypass contactor.

Non-bypassed soft starters may be installed with an external bypass contactor. Select a contactor with an ACI rating greater than or equal to the full load current rating of the connected motor.

Internally bypassed models:

EMX3-0023B, EMX3-0043B, EMX3-0050B, EMX3-0053B, EMX3-0076B, EMX3-0097B, EMX3-0100B, EMX3-0105B, EMX3-0145B, EMX3-0170B, EMX3-0200B, EMX3-0220B, EMX3-0255B, EMX3-0350B, EMX3-0425B, EMX3-0500B, EMX3-0500B, EMX3-0700B, EMX3-0820B, EMX3-0920B, EMX3-1000B

Non-bypassed models:

EMX3-0255C, EMX3-0360C, EMX3-0380C, EMX3-0430C, EMX3-0620C, EMX3-0650C, EMX3-0790C, EMX3-0930C, EMX3-1200C, EMX3-1410C, EMX3-1600C

5.3 Main Contactor

A main contactor must be installed if the EMX3 is connected to the motor in inside delta format and is optional for in-line connection. Select a contactor with an AC3 rating greater than or equal to the full load current rating of the connected motor.

5.4 Circuit Breaker

A shunt trip circuit breaker may be used instead of a main contactor to isolate the motor circuit in the event of a soft starter trip. The shunt trip mechanism must be powered from the supply side of the circuit breaker or from a separate control supply.

5.5 Power Factor Correction

If power factor correction is used, a dedicated contactor should be used to switch in the capacitors.



CAUTION

Power factor correction capacitors must be connected to the input side of the soft starter. Connecting power factor correction capacitors to the output side will damage the soft starter.

5.6 Power Supply Fuses

Semiconductor fuses can be used for Type 2 coordination (according to IEC 60947-4-2 standard) and to reduce the risk of damage to SCRs from transient overload currents.

HRC fuses (such as Ferraz AJT fuses) can be used for Type I coordination according to IEC 60947-4-2 standard.



CAUTION

Adaptive Control controls the motor's speed profile, within the programmed time limit. This may result in a higher level of current than traditional control methods.

For applications using Adaptive Control to soft stop the motor with stop times greater than 30 seconds, motor branch protection should be selected as follows:

- standard HRC line fuses: minimum 150% motor full load current
- motor rated line fuses: minimum rating 100/150% motor full load current
- motor control circuit breaker minimum long time setting: 150% motor full load current
- motor control circuit breaker minimum short time setting: 400% motor full load current for 30 seconds



NOTE

Fuse selection is based on a 400% FLC start for 20 seconds in conjunction with standard published starts per hour, duty cycle, 40°C ambient temperature and up to 1000 m altitude. For installations operating outside these conditions, consult your local supplier.

These fuse tables contain recommendations only. Always consult your local supplier to confirm the selection for your particular application.

Bussman Fuses - Square Body (170M)

Model	SCR I't (A's)	Supply Voltage (≤ 440 VAC)	Supply Voltage (≤ 575 VAC)	Supply Voltage (<u><</u> 690 VAC)
EMX3-0023B	1150	170M1314	170M1314	170M1314
EMX3-0043B	8000	170M1316	170M1316	170M1316
EMX3-0050B	10500	170M1318	170M1318	170M1318
EMX3-0053B	15000	170M1318	170M1318	170M1318
EMX3-0076B	15000	170M1319	170M1319	170M1318
EMX3-0097B	51200	170M1321	170M1321	170M1319
EMX3-0100B	80000	170M1321	170M1321	170M1321
EMX3-0105B	125000	170M1321	170M1321	170M1321
EMX3-0145B	125000	170M1321	170M1321	170M1321
EMX3-0170B	320000	170M2621	170M2621	170M2621
EMX3-0200B	320000	170M2621	170M2621	170M2621
EMX3-0220B	320000	170M2621	170M2621	170M2621
EMX3-0255B	320000	170M2621	170M2621	170M2621
EMX3-0255C	320000	170M2621	170M2621	170M2621
EMX3-0350B	202000	170M5011	170M5011	_
EMX3-0360C	320000	170M6010	170M6010	170M6010
EMX3-0380C	320000	170M6011	170M6011	
EMX3-0425B	320000	170M6011	_	_
EMX3-0430C	320000	170M6011	170M6011	_
EMX3-0500B	320000	170M6008*	_	_
EMX3-0580B	781000	170M6013	170M6013	170M6013
EMX3-0620C	1200000	170M6015	170M6015	170M6014
EMX3-0650C	1200000	170M6015	170M6015	170M6014
EMX3-0700B	781000	170M5015	170M5015	_
EMX3-0790C	2530000	170M6017	170M6017	170M6016
EMX3-0820B	1200000	170M5017	170M6015	_
EMX3-0920B	2530000	170M6017	170M6017	_
EMX3-0930C	4500000	170M6019	170M6019	170M6019
EMX3-1000B	2530000	170M6018	170M6013*	_
EMX3-1200C	4500000	170M6021		
EMX3-1410C	6480000	_		_
EMX3-1600C	12500000	170M6019*	_	_

^{*} Two parallel connected fuses required per phase.

Bussman Fuses - British Style (BS88)

EMX3-0023B 1150 63FE 63FE 63FE EMX3-0043B 8000 120FEE 120FEE 120FEE EMX3-0050B 10500 120FEE 120FEE 120FEE EMX3-0053B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0076B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0109B 51200 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-010BB 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-010BB 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025BB 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025BB 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 40	Model	SCR I ² T (A ² S)	Supply Voltage (<u><</u> 440 VAC)	Supply Voltage (≤ 575 VAC)	Supply Voltage (≤ 690 VAC)
EMX3-0050B 10500 120FEE 120FEE 120FEE EMX3-0053B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0076B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0097B 51200 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0100B 80000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000	EMX3-0023B	1150	63FE	63FE	63FE
EMX3-0053B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0076B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0077B 51200 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0100B 80000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 400FMM* 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0500B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 <t< td=""><td>EMX3-0043B</td><td>8000</td><td>120FEE</td><td>120FEE</td><td>120FEE</td></t<>	EMX3-0043B	8000	120FEE	120FEE	120FEE
EMX3-0076B 15000 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0097B 51200 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0100B 80000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-020B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0580B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 — <td>EMX3-0050B</td> <td>10500</td> <td>120FEE</td> <td>120FEE</td> <td>120FEE</td>	EMX3-0050B	10500	120FEE	120FEE	120FEE
EMX3-0097B 51200 200FEE 200FEE 200FEE EMX3-0100B 80000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-025C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0650C 1200000 630	EMX3-0053B	15000	200FEE	200FEE	200FEE
EMX3-0100B 80000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0430C 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* <td>EMX3-0076B</td> <td>15000</td> <td>200FEE</td> <td>200FEE</td> <td>200FEE</td>	EMX3-0076B	15000	200FEE	200FEE	200FEE
EMX3-0105B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0430C 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 —	EMX3-0097B	51200	200FEE	200FEE	200FEE
EMX3-0145B 125000 280FM 280FM 280FM EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — <td>EMX3-0100B</td> <td>80000</td> <td>280FM</td> <td>280FM</td> <td>280FM</td>	EMX3-0100B	80000	280FM	280FM	280FM
EMX3-0170B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — —	EMX3-0105B	125000	280FM	280FM	280FM
EMX3-0200B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — —<	EMX3-0145B	125000	280FM	280FM	280FM
EMX3-0220B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — <	EMX3-0170B	320000	450FMM	450FMM	450FMM
EMX3-0255B 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — —	EMX3-0200B	320000	450FMM	450FMM	450FMM
EMX3-0255C 320000 450FMM 450FMM 450FMM EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1	EMX3-0220B	320000	450FMM	450FMM	450FMM
EMX3-0350B 202000 315FM* — — EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1000C 4500000 — — —	EMX3-0255B	320000	450FMM	450FMM	450FMM
EMX3-0360C 320000 — — — EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0920B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0255C	320000	450FMM	450FMM	450FMM
EMX3-0380C 320000 400FMM* 400FMM* EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — EMX3-0920B 1200000 — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — —	EMX3-0350B	202000	315FM*	_	_
EMX3-0425B 320000 400FMM* — — EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0360C	320000	_	_	_
EMX3-0430C 320000 — — — EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0380C	320000	400FMM*	400FMM	400FMM*
EMX3-0500B 320000 450FMM* — — EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0425B	320000	400FMM*	_	_
EMX3-0580B 781000 500FMM* 500FMM* EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — —	EMX3-0430C	320000	_	_	_
EMX3-0620C 1200000 630FMM* 630FMM* — EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0500B	320000	450FMM*	_	_
EMX3-0650C 1200000 630FMM* — EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — —	EMX3-0580B	781000	500FMM*	500FMM*	500FMM*
EMX3-0700B 781000 630FMM* — — EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0620C	1200000	630FMM*	630FMM*	_
EMX3-0790C 2530000 — — — EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0650C	1200000	630FMM*	630FMM*	_
EMX3-0820B 1200000 — — EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — —	EMX3-0700B	781000	630FMM*	_	_
EMX3-0920B 2530000 — — — EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0790C	2530000	_	_	_
EMX3-0930C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0820B	1200000	_	_	_
EMX3-1000B 2530000 — — EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — —	EMX3-0920B	2530000	_		
EMX3-1200C 4500000 — — — EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — —	EMX3-0930C	4500000	_	_	_
EMX3-1410C 6480000 — — — —	EMX3-1000B	2530000	_	_	_
	EMX3-1200C	4500000	_	_	_
FMX3-1600C 12500000 — — — —	EMX3-1410C	6480000	_	_	_
12500000	EMX3-1600C	12500000		_	

^{*} Two parallel connected fuses required per phase.

Ferraz Fuses - HSJ

Model	SCR I ² t (A ² s)	Supply Voltage (≤ 440 VAC)	Supply Voltage (≤ 575 VAC)	Supply Voltage (<u><</u> 690 VAC)
EMX3-0023B	1150	HSJ40**	HSJ40**	
EMX3-0043B	8000	HSJ80**	HSJ80**	
EMX3-0050B	10500	HSJ90**	HSJ90**	
EMX3-0053B	15000	HSJI 10**	HSJI 10**	
EMX3-0076B	15000	HSJ125**	HSJ125**	
EMX3-0097B	51200	HSJ175	HSJ175**	
EMX3-0100B	80000	HSJ175	HSJ175	
EMX3-0105B	125000	HSJ225	HSJ225	
EMX3-0145B	125000	HSJ250	HSJ250**	
EMX3-0170B	320000	HSJ300	HSJ300	
EMX3-0200B	320000	HSJ350	HSJ350]
EMX3-0220B	320000	HSJ400**	HSJ400**	Not suitable
EMX3-0255B	320000	HSJ450**	HSJ450**	
EMX3-0255C	320000	HSJ450**	HSJ450**	1
EMX3-0350B	202000	HSJ500**		7
EMX3-0360C	320000			
EMX3-0380C	320000	Not suitable	Not suitable	
EMX3-0425B	320000			

EMX3-0430C	320000			
EMX3-0500B	320000			
EMX3-0580B	781000			
EMX3-0620C	1200000	Not suitable	Not suitable	Not suitable
EMX3-0650C	1200000			
EMX3-0700B	781000			
EMX3-0790C	2530000			
EMX3-0820B	1200000			
EMX3-0920B	2530000			
EMX3-0930C	4500000			
EMX3-1000B	2530000			
EMX3-1200C	4500000			
EMX3-1410C	6480000			
EMX3-1600C	12500000			

^{**} Two series connected fuses required per phase.

Ferraz Fuses - North American Style (PSC 690)

Model	SCR I ² t (A ² s)	Supply Voltage <pre></pre> <pre></pre> <p< th=""><th>Supply Voltage <pre> </pre> 575 VAC</th><th>Supply Voltage <u><</u> 690 VAC</th></p<>	Supply Voltage <pre> </pre> 575 VAC	Supply Voltage <u><</u> 690 VAC
EMX3-0023B	1150	A070URD30XXX0063	A070URD30XXX0063	_
EMX3-0043B	8000	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125
EMX3-0050B	10500	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125
EMX3-0053B	15000	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125	A070URD30XXX0125
EMX3-0076B	15000	A070URD30XXX0160	A070URD30XXX0160	A070URD30XXX0160
EMX3-0097B	51200	A070URD30XXX0200	A070URD30XXX0200	A070URD30XXX0200
EMX3-0100B	80000	A070URD30XXX0200	A070URD30XXX0200	A070URD30XXX0200
EMX3-0105B	125000	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315
EMX3-0145B	125000	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315
EMX3-0170B	320000	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315	A070URD30XXX0315
EMX3-0200B	320000	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450
EMX3-0220B	320000	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450
EMX3-0255B	320000	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450
EMX3-0255C	320000	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450	A070URD30XXX0450
EMX3-0350B	202000	A070URD31XXX0550	_	_
EMX3-0360C	320000	A070URD33XXX0630	A070URD33XXX0630	A070URD33XXX0630
EMX3-0380C	320000	A070URD33XXX0700	A070URD33XXX0700	_
EMX3-0425B	238000	A070URD32XXX0630		_
EMX3-0430C	320000	A070URD33XXX0700	A070URD33XXX0700	_
EMX3-0500B	320000	A070URD32XXX0700	ľ	
EMX3-0580B	781000	A070URD32XXX0800	ľ	
EMX3-0620C	1200000	A070URD33XXX1000	A070URD33XXX1000	A070URD33XXX1000
EMX3-0650C	1200000	A070URD33XXX1000	A070URD33XXX1000	A070URD33XXX1000
EMX3-0700B	781000	A070URD33XXX0900	1	_
EMX3-0790C	2530000	A070URD33XXX1400	A070URD33XXX1400	A070URD33XXX1400
EMX3-0820B	1200000	A070URD33XXX1100		_
EMX3-0920B	2530000	A070URD33XXX1250		_
EMX3-0930C	4500000	A070URD33XXX1400	A070URD33XXX1400	A070URD33XXX1400
EMX3-1000B	2530000	A070URD33XXX1400	_	_
EMX3-1200C	4500000	A055URD33XXX2250	_	_
EMX3-1410C	6480000	A055URD33XXX2250	_	_
EMX3-1600C	12500000	_	_	_

XXX = blade type. Refer to Ferraz catalog for details.

POWER CIRCUITS

Ferraz Fuses - European Style (PSC 690)

Model	SCR I ² t (A ² s)	Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage
	, ,	(<u><</u> 440 VAC)	(<u><</u> 575 VAC)	(<u><</u> 690 VAC)
EMX3-0023B	1150	6.9URD30D11A0050	6.9URD30D11A0050	6.9URD30D11A0050
EMX3-0043B	8000	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125
EMX3-0050B	10500	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125
EMX3-0053B	15000	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125	6.9URD30D11A0125
EMX3-0076B	15000	6.9URD30D11A0160	6.9URD30D11A0160	6.9URD30D11A0160
EMX3-0097B	51200	6.9URD30D11A0200	6.9URD30D11A0200	6.9URD30D11A0200
EMX3-0100B	80000	6.9URD30D11A0200	6.9URD30D11A0200	6.9URD30D11A0200
EMX3-0105B	125000	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315
EMX3-0145B	125000	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315
EMX3-0170B	320000	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315	6.9URD30D11A0315
EMX3-0200B	320000	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450
EMX3-0220B	320000	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450
EMX3-0255B	320000	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450
EMX3-0255C	320000	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450	6.9URD31D11A0450
EMX3-0350B	202000	6.9URD31D11A0550	_	_
EMX3-0360C	320000	6.9URD33D11A0630	6.9URD33D11A0630	6.9URD33D11A0630
EMX3-0380C	320000	6.9URD33D11A0700	6.9URD33D11A0700	6.9URD33D11A0700
EMX3-0425B	320000	6.9URD32D11A0630	_	_
EMX3-0430C	320000	6.9URD33D11A0700	6.9URD33D11A0700	6.9URD33D11A0700
EMX3-0500B	320000	6.9URD32D11A0700	_	_
EMX3-0580B	781000	6.9URD32D11A0800	_	_
EMX3-0620C	1200000	6.9URD33D11A1000	6.9URD33D11A1000	6.9URD33D11A1000
EMX3-0650C	1200000	6.9URD33D11A1000	6.9URD33D11A1000	6.9URD33D11A1000
EMX3-0700B	781000	6.9URD33D11A0900	_	_
EMX3-0790C	2530000	6.6URD33D11A1400	6.6URD33D11A1400	_
EMX3-0820B	1200000	6.9URD33D11A1100	_	_
EMX3-0920B	2530000	6.9URD33D11A1250	_	_
EMX3-0930C	4500000	6.6URD33D11A1400	6.6URD33D11A1400	_
EMX3-1000B	2530000	6.9URD33D11A1400	_	_
EMX3-1200C	4500000	6URD233PLAF2200	6URD233PLAF2200	_
EMX3-1410C	6480000	6URD233PLAF2200	6URD233PLAF2200	_
EMX3-1600C	12500000	6URD233PLAF2800	6URD233PLAF2800	

UL	Short	Circuit	Ratings

Model Model		Fuse Current	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Short Circuit	Test levels
	Rating (A)	Rating (A)	Protection Device (@ 600 VAC)	Rating @ 480VAC (kA) (High-available fault current circuits, with fuse)	Rating @ 600VAC (kA) (Standard fault current circuits, with protection device)	without protection device @725 VAC (A _{ms} / A _{peak})
EMX3-0023B	23	25	AJT25	65	10	
EMX3-0043B	43	50	AJT50	65	10	
EMX3-0050B	50	50	AJT50	65	10	
EMX3-0053B	53	60	AJT60	65	10	
EMX3-0076B	76	80	AJT80	65	10	
EMX3-0097B	97	100	AJT100	65	10	
EMX3-0100B	100	100	AJT100	65	10	Not available
EMX3-0105B	105	125	AJT125	65	10	
EMX3-0145B	145	150	AJT150	65	18	
EMX3-0170B	170	175	AJT175	65	18	
EMX3-0200B	200	200	AJT200	65	18	-
EMX3-0220B	220	250	AJT250	65	18	-
EMX3-0255C	255	300	AJT300	Not available	85	
EMX3-0255B	255	300	Circuit breaker ' or Any UL listed fuse (type RK I , RK5, Class J)		18	
EMX3-0350B	350	400	Circuit breaker ' or Any UL listed fuse (type RK I , RK5, Class J)		18	18 kA / 36 kA I²t=19,440,000 For 3 cycles
EMX3-0360C	360	400	AJT400	Not available	85	Not available
EMX3-0380C	380	450	AJT450	3	85	
EMX3-0425B	425	500	Circuit breaker ' or Any UL listed fuse (type RK1, RK5, Class J)	100 3	30	30 kA / 62 kA I ² t=54,000,000 For 3 cycles
EMX3-0430C	430	450	AJT450	Not available	85	Not available
EMX3-0500B	500	500	Circuit breaker ¹ or Any UL listed fuse (type RK I , RK5, Class J)		30	30 kA / 62 kA I ² t=54,000,000 For 3 cycles
EMX3-0580B	580	800	Circuit breaker ¹ or Any UL listed fuse (Class J, Class L)	100 3	30	30 kA / 62 kA I²t=54,000,000 For 3 cycles
EMX3-0620C	620	800	A4BQ800		85	
EMX3-0650C	650	800	A4BQ800	Not available	85	
EMX3-0700B ²	700	800	A4BQ800		42	
EMX3-0790C	790	1200	A4BQ1200		85	Not available
EMX3-0820B ²	820	1200	A4BQ1200	85	42	
EMX3-0920B ²	920	1200	A4BQ1200	85	42	
EMX3-0930C	930	1200	A4BQ1200	Not available	85	
EMX3-1000B	1000	1200	A4BQ1200	42	42	42 kA / 88 kA I ² t=105,840,000 For 3 cycles
EMX3-1200C	1200	1600	A4BQ1600	Not available	100	
EMX3-1410C	1410	2000	A4BQ2000		100	Not available
EMX3-1600C	1600	2500	A4BQ2500	100	100	

POWER CIRCUITS



NOTE

Any suitably rated circuit breakers when the clearing time is less than 3 cycles.

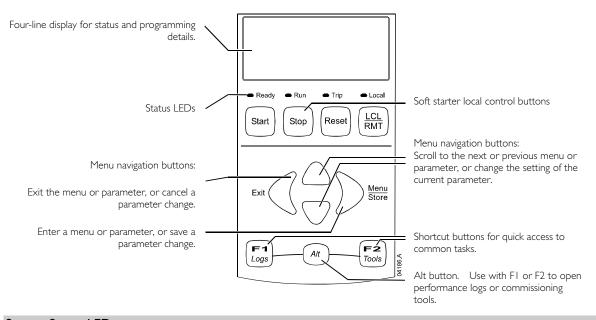
 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Qualified by testing the representative sample for the frame size.

 $^{^{3}}$ Determined from the peak let-through current $\rm I_{\scriptscriptstyle p}$ and clearing $\rm I^{2}t$ values listed in UL248 for RK1 or Class J fuses.

6 Keypad and Feedback

6.1 The Keypad

The keypad stores a backup copy of the parameters in the soft starter, so one keypad can be used to program multiple EMX3 starters.



Starter Status LEDs

LED name	On	Flashing
Ready	The motor is stopped and the starter is ready to	The motor is stopped and the starter is waiting
	start.	for the <i>Restart Delay</i> (parameter 4M) or <i>Motor</i>
		Temperature Check (parameter 4N).
Run	The motor is in run state (receiving full voltage).	The motor is starting or stopping.
Trip	The starter has tripped.	The starter is in warning state.
Local	The starter is in Local control mode.	_

If the starter is in remote control mode, the Local LED will be off.

If all LEDs are off, the starter is not receiving control voltage.

Removing and Replacing the Keypad

The keypad can be removed from the soft starter and mounted remotely on a panel using the remote mounting kit.



NOTE

The keypad can be removed or replaced while the starter is running. It is not necessary to remove mains or control voltage.

Removing the keypad

The keypad is attached to the body of the soft starter by a DB9 serial connector and two screws. The screws are concealed behind a snap-on faceplate.

To remove the keypad:

- Models EMX3-0023B to EMX3-1000B: open the EMX3's door.
 Models EMX3-0255C to EMX3-1600C: remove the EMX3's front cover.
- 2. Insert a small screwdriver under the faceplate, at the base of the keypad, and use the screwdriver to lever the faceplate off the keypad.
- 3. Lift the faceplate off completely.
- 4. Remove the two screws holding the keypad in place.
- 5. Lift the keypad gently off the soft starter. Pull the keypad forwards, to avoid damaging the DB9 connector.

KEYPAD AND FEEDBACK

Reattaching the keypad

To reattach the keypad:

- Align the connector on the back of the keypad with the socket on the soft starter and push the keypad firmly into place. The keypad will be held in place by the connector and two locating nibs in the top right and bottom left corners.
 - For temporary installation (eg during commissioning) it is not necessary to screw the keypad in place.
- 2. Replace the two screws holding the keypad in place.
- 3. Slide the bottom edge of the faceplate over the body of the keypad, then swing the top edge of the faceplate into place and press onto the keypad. The retaining tabs on the back of the faceplate will snap into place.

• Synchronising the Keypad and the Starter

When a keypad is connected to an EMX3, it synchronises its parameter settings with the settings in the soft starter.

Every time a different keypad is plugged into the starter, an acknowledgement is displayed.

New Display Detected

Select the required option using the lacktriangle and lacktriangle buttons. Press **STORE** to proceed with the selection.

Copy Parameters Display to Starter Starter to Display

If any of the settings in the keypad are not valid for the starter, the keypad loads the default values.

6.2 Displays

The keypad displays a wide range of performance information about the soft starter. The top half of the screen shows real-time information on current or motor power (as selected in parameter 8D). Use the \triangle and ∇ buttons to select the information shown on the bottom half of the screen.

- Starter status
- Motor temperature
- Current
- Motor power
- Last start information
- Date and time
- SCR conduction



NOTE

Screens shown here are with the default settings.

Starter Status

The starter status screen shows details of the starter's operating status, motor temperature and motor power.

Ready	
M1 000%	000.0kW

Programmable screen

The EMX3's user-programmable screen can be configured to show the most important information for the particular application. Use parameters 8E to 8H to select which information to display.

Ready	
0000 hrs	%

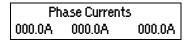
Motor Temperature

The temperature screen shows which motor data set is in use, and the temperature of both motors as a percentage of total thermal capacity. If the EMX3 is configured for use on one motor, the temperature for the secondary motor (M2) will always show 0%.

Primary Mo	otor Set
➤ M1 000%	M2 000%

Current

The current screen shows real-time line current on each phase. If the RTD/PT100 and ground fault protection card is fitted, the screen will also show ground current.



Motor Power

The motor power screen shows motor power (kW, HP and kVA) and power factor.

000.0kW	0000HP
0000kVA	pf

The motor power figures are calculated using the Mains Reference Voltage (parameter 8N).

Last Start Information

The last start information screen shows details of the most recent successful start:

- start duration (seconds)
- maximum start current drawn (as a percentage of motor full load current)
- calculated rise in motor temperature

Last start 010 s 350 % FLC∆ Temp 5%

Date and Time

The date/time screen shows the current system date and time (24 hour format). For details on setting the date and time, refer to *Set Date and Time* on page 26.

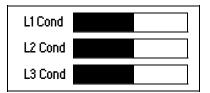
Performance Graph

The performance graph provides a real-time display of operating performance. Use parameters 81~8L to select which information to display.



SCR Conduction Bargraph

The SCR conduction bargraph shows the level of conduction on each phase.



7 Maintenance Tools

7.1 Testing the Installation

The EMX3 can be connected to a small motor for testing. During this test, the soft starter's control input and relay output protection settings can be tested. This test mode is not suitable for testing soft starting or soft stopping performance.

The FLC of the test motor must be at least 2% of the soft starter's minimum FLC (refer to *Minimum and Maximum Current Settings* on page 81).



NOTE

When testing the soft starter with a small motor, set parameter IA *Motor Full Load Current* to the minimum allowable value.

7.2 Commissioning Menu (Tools)

The Commissioning Menu provides access to commissioning and testing tools.

Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.

To navigate through the Commissioning Menu:

- to scroll to the next or previous item, press the ▲ or ▼ button.
- to open an item for viewing, press the button.
- to return to the previous level, press the ◀ button.

Set Date and Time

To set the date and time:

- I. Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.
- 2. Scroll to the date/time screen.
- 3. Press the button to enter edit mode.
- 4. Press the ▶ and ◀ buttons to select which part of the date or time to edit.
- 5. Use the \triangle and ∇ buttons to change the value.
- 6. To save changes, press the ▶ button. The EMX3 will confirm the changes. To cancel changes, press the ◀ button.

Simulation Tools

Software simulation functions let you test the soft starter's operation and control circuits without connecting the soft starter to mains voltage. The EMX3 has three simulation modes:

- The **run simulation** simulates a motor starting, running and stopping to confirm that the soft starter and associated equipment have been installed correctly.
- The **protection simulation** simulates activation of each protection mechanism to confirm that the soft starter and associated control circuits are responding correctly.
- The **output signal simulation** simulates output signalling to confirm that outputs and associated control circuits are operating correctly.

The simulation tools are accessed via the Commissioning Menu. The simulations are only available when the soft starter is in Ready state, control voltage is available and the keypad is active.



NOTE

Access to the simulation tools is protected by the security access code. The default access code is 0000.

Run Simulation

You can end the simulation at any time by pressing EXIT.

To use the run simulation:

- 1. Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.
- Scroll to Run Simulation and press .

3. Press **START** or activate the start input. The EMX3 simulates its pre-start checks and closes the main contactor relay. The Run LED flashes.

Run Simulation Ready Apply Start Signal

Run Simulation Pre-Start Checks

STORE to Continue Run Simulation

ATTENTION!

Remove Mains Volts

STORE to Continue Run Simulation

Starting X:XXs **STORE** to Continue



NOTE

If the mains voltage is connected an error message is shown. Remove mains voltage and proceed to the next step.

- 4. Press . The EMX3 simulates starting. The Run LED flashes.
- Press . The EMX3 simulates running. The Run LED stays on without flashing and the bypass contactor relay closes.
- Press **STOP** or activate the stop input. The EMX3 simulates stopping. The Run LED flashes and the bypass contactor relay opens.
- 7. Press . The Ready LED flashes and the main contactor relay opens.

Run Simulation Running Apply Stop Signal

Run Simulation Stopping X:XXs **STORE** to Continue

Run Simulation Stopped **STORE** to Continue

Press to return to the commissioning menu.

Protection Simulation

The protection simulation simulates activation of each protection mechanism to confirm that the soft starter and associated control circuits are responding correctly.

To use the protection simulation:

- 1. Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.
- Scroll to Protection Simulation and press .
- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select the protection you want to simulate.
- 4. Press and hold to simulate the selected protection.
- The screen is displayed momentarily. The soft starter's response depends on the Protection Action setting (parameter group 16).

0.0ATripped Selected Protection

Use ▲ or ▼ to select another simulation, or press ◀ to exit.

If the protection trips the soft starter, reset before simulating another protection. If the protection action is set to 'Warn and Log', no reset is required.

If the protection is set to 'Warn and Log', the warning message can be viewed only while the STORE button is pressed.

If the protection is set to 'Log only', nothing appears on the screen but an entry will appear in the log.

MAINTENANCE TOOLS

Output Signal Simulation

The **output signal simulation** simulates output signalling to confirm that outputs and associated control circuits are operating correctly.



NOTE

To test operation of the flags (motor temperature and low/high current), set an output relay to the appropriate function and monitor the relay's behaviour.

To use the output signal simulation:

- 1. Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.
- 2. Scroll to Output Signalling Simulation and press .
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select a function to simulate, then press ▶.
- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to turn the signal on and off.
 To confirm correct operation, monitor the state of the output.

Prog Relay A Off On

5. Press ◀ to return to the simulation list.

Analog Output Simulation

The analog output simulation uses the \triangle and ∇ buttons to change the current at the analog output terminals.

Analog Output A 0% 4.0mA

Attach a current measuring device to the analog output terminals. Use the \triangle or ∇ button to adjust the percentage value on the display. The current measuring device should indicate the same level of current as shown on the display.

If the input/output expansion card is fitted, the simulation can also be used to test the operation of Relays D, E, F and Analog Output B.

Temperature Sensors State

This screen shows the state of the motor thermistors and RTD/PT100s.

S = Short

H = Hot

C = Cold

0 = Open

Temp Sensors State Thermistor: 0 RTD/PT100s:0000000 S = Shrt H=Hot C=Cld 0=0pn

RTD/PT100s B \sim G are only available if the RTD/PT100 and Ground Fault expansion card is fitted.

Digital I/O State

This screen shows the current status of the digital inputs and outputs.

Digital I/O State Inputs: 0110000 Outputs: 0000100

The top line of the screen shows the start, stop, reset and programmable inputs (A and B, then inputs on the I/O expansion card (if fitted).

The bottom line of the screen shows programmable output A, the fixed Run output, programmable outputs B and C, then the outputs on the expansion card (if fitted).

Analog I/O State

This screen shows the current status of the Analog I/O

Analog I/O State Input: - - - - % Output A: 04.0mA

This screen will also show Analog Output B if the expansion card is fitted.

Reset Thermal Models

The EMX3's advanced thermal modelling software constantly monitors the motor's performance. This allows the EMX3 to calculate the motor's temperature and ability to start successfully at any time. If the EMX3 is configured for use on two motors, each motor's temperature is modelled separately.

The thermal model for the active motor can be reset if required.

- 1. Press ALT then TOOLS to open the Tools.
- 2. Scroll to Reset Thermal Models and press .

Reset Thermal Models
M1 X%
M2 X%

to Reset

3. Use ▼ to select Reset and press **STORE** to confirm.

Do Not Reset Reset

4. When the thermal model has been reset, the screen will display a confirmation message then return to the previous screen.



CAUTION

Resetting the motor thermal model may compromise motor life and should only be done in the case of emergency.

7.3 Logs Menu

The Logs Menu provides information on events, trips and starter performance.

Press ALT then FI (LOGS) to open the Logs.

To navigate through the Logs Menu:

- to open a log, press the ▶ button.
- to scroll through the entries in each log, press the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
- to view details of a log entry, press the button.

The Logs Menu can only be opened while viewing the monitoring screens.

Trip Log

The Trip Log stores details of the eight most recent trips, including the date and time the trip happened. Trip I is the most recent and trip 8 is the oldest stored trip.

To open the Trip Log:

- I. Press ALT then FI (LOGS) to open the Logs.
- 2. Scroll to Trip Log and press .
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select a trip to view, and press ▶ to display details.

To close the log and return to the main display, press repeatedly.

Event Log

The Event Log stores time-stamped details of the starter's 99 most recent events (actions, warnings and trips), including the date and time of the event. Event I is the most recent and event 99 is the oldest stored event.

To open the Event Log:

- 1. Press ALT then FI (LOGS) to open the Logs.
- 2. Scroll to Event Log and press .
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select an event to view, and press ▶ to display details.

To close the log and return to the main display, press \P repeatedly.

MAINTENANCE TOOLS

Performance Counters

The performance counters store statistics on the starter's operation:

- Hours run (lifetime and since counter last reset)
- Number of starts (lifetime and since counter last reset)
- Motor kWh (lifetime and since counter last reset)
- Number of times the thermal model has been reset

The resettable counters (hours run, starts and motor kWh) can only be reset if the *Adjustment Lock* (parameter 15B) is set to Read & Write.

To view the counters:

- 1. Press ALT then FI (LOGS) to open the Logs.
- 2. Scroll to counters and press .
- 3. Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to scroll through the counters. Press ▶ to view details.
- 4. To reset a counter, press ▶ then use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select Reset/Do Not Reset. Press **STORE** to confirm the action.

To close the counter and return to the Logs Menu, press .

8 Operation

8.1 Priority of Commands

Starter Disable overrides any other control command. Refer to parameter 6A Input A Function on page 50.

Emergency Run overrides normal control commands, including auto-start/stop. Refer to parameter ISC *Emergency Run* on page 59.

Auto-start/stop overrides other control commands (local, remote or via serial communications). Refer to *Auto-Start/Stop* on page 47.

8.2 Start, Stop and Reset Commands

The soft starter can be controlled in three ways:

- using the buttons on the keypad
- via remote inputs
- via a serial communication link

The LCL/RMT button controls whether the EMX3 will respond to local control (via the keypad) or remote control (via the remote inputs).

- The Local LED on the keypad is on when the soft starter is in local control mode and off when the soft starter is in remote control mode.
- The Remote LED on the EMX3 is on when the soft starter is in Remote mode and off when in Local mode. The Remote LED is located on the main body of the starter (behind the keypad) and is only visible if the keypad is remotely mounted.

Control via the serial communication network is always enabled in local control mode, and can be enabled or disabled in remote control mode (refer to parameter 6R). Control via the serial communication network requires an optional communication module.

The **STOP** button on the keypad is always enabled.

Using the Soft Starter to Control a Motor

To soft start the motor, press the **START** button on the keypad or activate the Start remote input. The motor will start using the start mode selected in parameter 2A.

To stop the motor, press the **STOP** button on the keypad or activate the Stop remote input. The motor will stop using the stop mode selected in parameter 2H.

To reset a trip on the soft starter, press the **RESET** button on the keypad or activate the Reset remote input.

To stop the motor with a coast to stop, regardless of the setting of parameter 2H *Stop Mode*, press the local **STOP** and **RESET** buttons at the same time. The soft starter will remove power from the motor and open the main contactor, and the motor will coast to stop.

Auto-Start/Stop

The EMX3 can also be configured to auto-start or auto-stop. Auto-start/stop operation is only available in Remote mode. In Local mode, the starter will ignore any auto-start/stop setting. To configure auto-start/stop operation, use parameters 3A~3D.

8.3 Soft Start Methods

Soft starters offer a variety of methods to control motor starting. Each soft start method uses a different primary control parameter.

Soft Start Method	Parameter Controlled	Performance Parameters Influenced
Timed Voltage Ramp	Voltage	Start current, start torque, acceleration
Constant Current	Current	Start torque, acceleration
Torque Control	Torque	Start current, acceleration
Adaptive Control	Acceleration	Start current, start torque

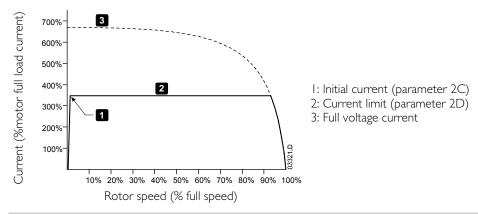
Best results are obtained by selecting the soft start method that directly controls the parameter of most importance for the application. Typically soft starters are used to limit motor start current or control load acceleration and/or deceleration. The EMX3 can be set to either Constant Current or Adaptive Control.

To Control	Use
Motor Start Current	Constant Current
Motor/Load Acceleration	Adaptive Control

Constant Current

Constant current is the traditional form of soft starting, which raises the current from zero to a specified level and keeps the current stable at that level until the motor has accelerated.

Constant current starting is ideal for applications where the start current must be kept below a particular level.

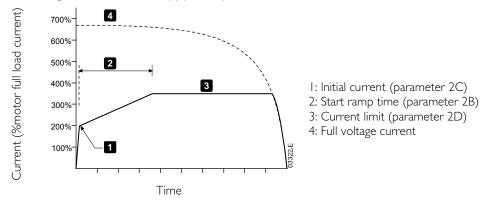


Current Ramp

Current ramp soft starting raises the current from a specified starting level (1) to a maximum limit (3), over an extended period of time (2).

Current ramp starting can be useful for applications where:

- the load can vary between starts (for example a conveyor which may start loaded or unloaded). Set the initial current (parameter 2C) to a level that will start the motor with a light load, and the current limit (parameter 2D) to a level that will start the motor with a heavy load.
- the load breaks away easily, but starting time needs to be extended (for example a centrifugal pump where pipeline pressure needs to build up slowly).
- the electricity supply is limited (for example a generator set), and a slower application of load will allow greater time for the supply to respond.



Adaptive Control for Starting

In an adaptive control soft start, the EMX3 adjusts the current in order to start the motor within a specified time and using a selected acceleration profile.



CAUTION

Adaptive Control cannot start the motor faster than a direct on-line (DOL) start. If the start ramp time (parameter 2B) is shorter than the motor's DOL start time, starting current may reach DOL levels.

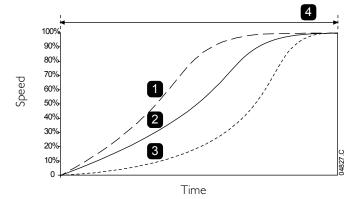
Every application has a particular starting profile, based on characteristics of the load and the motor. Adaptive Control offers three different starting profiles, to suit the requirements of different applications. Selecting a profile that matches the inherent profile of the application can help smooth out acceleration across the full start time. Selecting a dramatically different Adaptive Control profile can somewhat neutralise the inherent profile.

The EMX3 monitors the motor's performance during each start, to improve control for future soft starts.

Adaptive Control

To use Adaptive Control to control starting performance:

- 1. Select Adaptive Control from the Start Mode menu (parameter 2A)
- 2. Set the desired Start Ramp Time (parameter 2B)
- 3. Select the desired Adaptive Start Profile (parameter 2E)
- 4. Set a start Current Limit (parameter 2D) sufficiently high to allow a successful start. The first Adaptive Control start will be a Constant Current start. This allows the EMX3 to learn the characteristics of the connected motor. This motor data is used by the EMX3 during subsequent Adaptive Control starts.



Adaptive start profile (parameter 2E):

- I. Early acceleration
- 2. Constant acceleration
- 3. Late acceleration
- 4. Start ramp time (parameter 2B)



NOTE

Adaptive Control will control the load according to the programmed profile. Start current will vary according to the selected acceleration profile and the programmed start time.

If replacing a motor connected to an EMX3 programmed for Adaptive Control starting or stopping, or if the starter has been tested on a different motor prior to actual installation, the starter will need to learn the characteristics of the new motor. The EMX3 will automatically re-learn the motor's characteristics if parameter 1A *Motor Full Load Current* or parameter 2K *Adaptive Control Gain* is changed.

• How to Select the Adaptive Control Start Profile

The best profile will depend on the exact details of each application.

Some loads, such as submersible pumps, should not be run at slow speeds. An early acceleration profile will raise the speed quickly, then control acceleration through the rest of the start.



CAUTION

Adaptive Control controls the motor's speed profile, within the programmed time limit. This may result in a higher level of current than traditional control methods.

Fine-tuning Adaptive Control

If the motor does not start or stop smoothly, adjust the adaptive control gain (parameter 2K). The gain setting determines how much the EMX3 will adjust future adaptive control starts and stops, based on information from the previous start. The gain setting affects both starting and stopping performance.

- If the motor accelerates or decelerates too quickly at the end of a start or stop, increase the gain setting by 5%~10%.
- If the motor speed fluctuates during starting or stopping, decrease the gain setting slightly.



NOTE

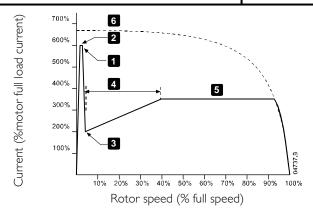
Changing the gain setting resets the starter's adaptive control learning. The first start after changing the gain will use constant current.

Kickstart

Kickstart provides a short boost of extra torque at the beginning of a start, and can be used in conjunction with current ramp or constant current starting.

Kickstart can be useful to help start loads that require high breakaway torque but then accelerate easily (for example flywheel loads such as presses).

OPERATION



- 1: Kickstart level (parameter 2G)
- 2: Kickstart time (parameter 2F)
- 3: Initial current (parameter 2C)
- 4: Start ramp time (parameter 2B)
- 5: Current limit (parameter 2D)
- 6: Full voltage current

8.4 Stop Methods

Soft starters offer a variety of methods for the control of motor stopping.

Stop Method	Performance Result
Coast To Stop	Natural load run down
TVR Soft Stop	Extended run down time
Adaptive Control	Extended run down time according to selected deceleration profile
Brake	Reduced run down time

Soft starters are often used in pumping applications to eliminate the damaging effects of fluid hammer. Adaptive Control should be the preferred stop method for these applications.

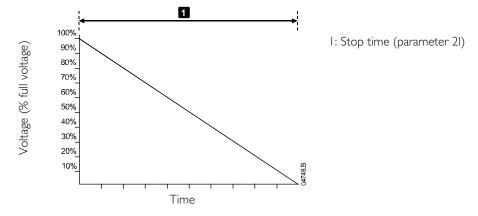
Coast to Stop

Coast to stop lets the motor slow at its natural rate, with no control from the soft starter. The time required to stop will depend on the type of load.

TVR Soft Stop

Timed voltage ramp reduces the voltage to the motor gradually over a defined time. The load may continue to run after the stop ramp is complete.

Timed voltage ramp stopping can be useful for applications where the stop time needs to be extended, or to avoid transients on generator set supplies.



Adaptive Control for Stopping

In an adaptive control soft stop, the EMX3 controls the current in order to stop the motor within a specified time and using a selected deceleration profile. Adaptive Control can be useful in extending the stopping time of low inertia loads.

Every application has a particular stopping profile, based on characteristics of the load and the motor. Adaptive Control offers three different stopping profiles. Choose the adaptive control profile that best matches your application requirements.



NOTE

Adaptive control does not actively slow the motor down and will not stop the motor faster than a coast to stop. To shorten the stopping time of high inertia loads, use brake.



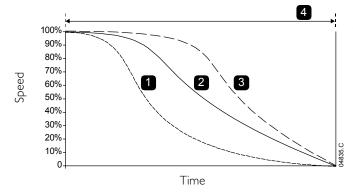
CAUTION

Adaptive Control controls the motor's speed profile, within the programmed time limit. This may result in a higher level of current than traditional control methods.

Adaptive Control

To use Adaptive Control to control stopping performance:

- 1. Select Adaptive Control from the Stop Mode menu (parameter 2H)
- 2. Set the desired Stop Time (parameter 2I)
- 3. Select the required Adaptive Stop Profile (parameter 2)



Adaptive Control stop profile (parameter 2]):

- I. Early deceleration
- 2. Constant deceleration
- 3. Late deceleration
- 4. Stop time (parameter 2I)

The first Adaptive Control stop will be a normal soft stop. This allows the EMX3 to learn the characteristics of the connected motor. This motor data is used by the EMX3 during subsequent Adaptive Control stops.



NOTE

Adaptive Control will control the load according to the programmed profile. Stopping current will vary according to the selected deceleration profile and stop time.

If replacing a motor connected to an EMX3 programmed for Adaptive Control starting or stopping, or if the starter has been tested on a different motor prior to actual installation, the starter will need to learn the characteristics of the new motor. The EMX3 will automatically re-learn the motor's characteristics if parameter 1A *Motor Full Load Current* or parameter 2K *Adaptive Control Gain* is changed.

Pump stopping

The hydraulic characteristics of pump systems vary considerably. This variation means the ideal deceleration profile and stop time will vary from application to application. The table provides guidelines on selecting between Adaptive Control deceleration profiles, but we recommend testing the three profiles to identify the best profile for the application.

Adaptive Stop Profile	Application
Late Deceleration	High head systems where even a small decrease in motor/pump speed results in a rapid transition between forward flow and reverse flow.
Constant Deceleration	Low to medium head, high flow applications where the fluid has high momentum.
Early Deceleration	Open pump systems where fluid must drain back through the pump without driving the pump in reverse.

Brake

Brake reduces the time the motor requires to stop.

During braking an increased noise level from the motor may be audible. This is a normal part of motor braking.

When brake is selected, the EMX3 uses DC injection to slow the motor.

EMX3 braking:

- Does not require the use of a DC brake contactor
- Controls all three phases so that the braking currents and associated heating are evenly distributed through the motor.



CAUTION

If the brake torque is set too high, the motor will stop before the end of the brake time and the motor will suffer unnecessary heating which could result in damage. Careful configuration is required to ensure safe operation of the starter and motor.

A high brake torque setting can result in peak currents up to motor DOL being drawn while the motor is stopping. Ensure protection fuses installed in the motor branch circuit are selected appropriately.



CAUTION

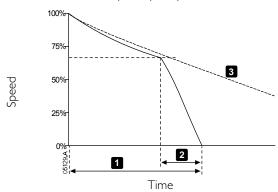
Brake operation causes the motor to heat faster than the rate calculated by the motor thermal model. If you are using brake, install a motor thermistor or allow sufficient restart delay (parameter 4M).

Braking has two stages:

- Pre-brake: provides an intermediate level of braking to slow motor speed to a point where full brake can be
 operated successfully (approximately 70% speed).
- Full brake: brake provides maximum braking torque but is ineffective at speeds greater than approximately 70%.

To configure the EMX3 for brake operation:

- 1. Set parameter 2I for the desired stopping time duration (1). This is the total braking time and must be set sufficiently longer than the brake time (parameter 2M) to allow the pre-braking stage to reduce motor speed to approximately 70%. If the stop time is too short, braking will not be successful and the motor will coast to stop.
- 2. Set Brake Time (parameter 2M) to approximately one quarter of the programmed Stop Time. This sets the time for the Full Brake stage (2).
- 3. Adjust the Brake Torque (parameter 2L) so that the desired stopping performance is achieved. If set too low, the motor will not stop completely and will coast to stop by the end of the braking period.



- 1: Stop time (parameter 21)
- 2: Brake time (parameter 2M)
- 3: Coast to stop time

 \triangle

NOTE

When using DC brake, the mains supply must be connected to the soft starter (input terminals L1, L2, L3) in positive phase sequence and parameter 4G *Phase Sequence* must be set to Positive Only.



NOTE

For loads which may vary between braking cycles, install a zero speed sensor to ensure that the soft starter ends DC braking when the motor stops. This avoids unnecessary heating of the motor.

For more information on using the EMX3 with an external speed sensor (eg for applications with variable load during the braking cycle), refer to *DC Brake with External Zero Speed Sensor* on page 66.

8.5 Jog Operation

Jog runs the motor at reduced speed, to allow alignment of the load or to assist servicing. The motor can be jogged in either forward or reverse direction.



CAUTION

Slow speed running is not intended for continuous operation due to reduced motor cooling.

Jog operation causes the motor to heat faster than the rate calculated by the motor thermal model. If you are using jog, install a motor thermistor or allow sufficient restart delay (parameter 4M)



NOTE

Soft start and soft stop are not available during jog operation.

Jog is only available for the primary motor.

The maximum available torque for jog forward is approximately $50\%\sim75\%$ of motor full load torque (FLT) depending on the motor. The torque when the motor is jogged in reverse is approximately 25% to 50% of FLT.

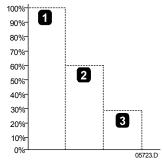
Parameter ISE Jog Torque controls how much of the maximum available jog torque the soft starter will apply to the motor.



NOTE

Setting parameter 15E above 50% may cause increased shaft vibration.

Available torque



- I. Motor FLT
- 2. Jog forward maximum torque
- 3. Jog reverse maximum torque

To activate jog operation, use either a programmable input (refer to parameters 6A and 6F, will operate only in Remote Mode) or a shortcut key (parameters 8B and 8C).

To stop a jog operation, perform one of the following:

- Remove the jog command.
- Press the STOP button on the keypad.

Jog will recommence at the end of a restart delay if the jog command is still present. All other commands except the above, will be ignored during jog operation.

8.6 Inside Delta Operation

Adaptive Control, Jog, Brake and PowerThrough functions are not supported with inside delta (six-wire) operation. If these functions are programmed when the starter is connected inside delta the behaviour is as given below:

Adaptive Control Start	The starter performs a constant current start.	
Adaptive Control Stop	The starter performs a TVR soft stop if parameter 21 <i>Stop Time</i> is >0 secs. If parameter	
	21 is set to 0 secs the starter performs a coast to stop.	
Jog	The starter issues a warning with the error message Unsupported Option.	
Brake	The starter performs a coast to stop.	
PowerThrough	The starter trips with the error message Lx-Tx Shorted.	



NOTE

When connected in inside delta, current imbalance is the only phase loss protection that is active during run. Do not disable current imbalance protection (parameter 4H) during inside delta operation.



NOTE

When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) for parameter IA. The EMX3 will automatically detect whether the motor is connected in-line or inside delta and will calculate the correct inside delta current level.

9 Programming Menu

You can access the Programming Menu at any time, including while the soft starter is running. Any changes to the start profile take effect immediately.

The Programming Menu contains four sub-menus:

Quick Setup Quick Setup guides you through the parameters required to configure the EMX3 for

common applications. Quick Setup suggests a value for each parameter, but you can

change these as required.

configure the EMX3 to suit your application.

Extended Menu The Extended Menu provides access to all the EMX3's programmable parameters,

allowing experienced users to take advantage of advanced features.

Load/Save Settings Load/Save Settings lets you save the current parameter settings to a file, load parameters

from a previously saved file, or reset all parameters to default values.

9.1 Programming Menu

The Programming Menu lets you view and change programmable parameters that control how the EMX3 operates.

To open the Programming Menu, press the MENU button while viewing the monitoring screens.

To navigate through the Programming Menu:

- to scroll through parameter groups, press the ▲ or ▼ button.
- to open a submenu, press the button.
- to view the parameters in a group, press the button.
- to return to the previous level, press the ◀ button.

To change a parameter value:

- scroll to the appropriate parameter in the Programming Menu and press be to enter edit mode.
- to alter the parameter setting, use the ▲ and ▼ buttons. Pressing ▲ or ▼ once will increase or decrease the value by one unit. If the button is held for longer than five seconds, the value will increase or decrease at a faster rate.
- to save changes, press **STORE**. The setting shown on the display will be saved and the keypad will return to the parameter list.
- to cancel changes, press **EXIT**. The keypad will ask for confirmation, then return to the parameter list without saving changes.

9.2 Adjustment Lock

You can lock the Programming Menu to prevent users from altering parameter settings. The adjustment lock can be turned on and off using parameter I 5B.

To lock the programming menu:

- 1. Open the Programming Menu.
- 2. Open the Extended Menu.
- 3. Select 'Advanced'.
- 4. Enter the Access Code.
- 5. Select parameter I5B Adjustment Lock
- 6. Select and store 'Read Only'.

If a user attempts to change a parameter value when the adjustment lock is active, an error message is displayed:

Access Denied Adj Lock is On

9.3 Access Code

Critical parameters (parameter group 15 and higher) are protected by a four-digit security access code, preventing unauthorised users from viewing or modifying parameter settings.

When a user attempts to enter a restricted parameter group, the keypad prompts for an access code. The access code is requested once for the programming session, and authorisation continues until the user closes the menu.

To enter the access code, use the ◀ and ▶ buttons to select a digit, and the ▲ and ▼ buttons to change the value. When all four digits match your access code, press **STORE**. The keypad will display an acknowledgement message before continuing.

Enter Access Code
0###
STORE
Access Allowed

To change the access code, use parameter I5A.

The simulation tools and counter resets are also protected by the security access code.

The default access code is 0000.

SUPERVISOR

9.4 Quick Setup

The Quick Setup Menu makes it easy to configure the EMX3 for common applications. The EMX3 selects the parameters relevant to the application and suggests a typical setting, and you can adjust each parameter to suit your exact requirements.

Always set parameter I A *Motor Full Load Current* to match the motor's nameplate full load current. The suggested value is the starter's minimum full load current.

On the display, the highlighted values are suggested values and the values indicated by a ightharpoonup are the loaded values.

Application	Parameter	Suggested value
Pump Centrifugal	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
1 0 0 0	Start Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Start Profile	Early Acceleration
	Start Ramp Time	10 seconds
	Stop Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Stop Profile	Late Deceleration
	Stop Time	15 seconds
Pump Submersible	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
'	Start Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Start Profile	Early Acceleration
	Start Ramp Time	5 seconds
	Stop Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Stop Profile	Late Deceleration
	Stop Time	5 seconds
Fan Damped	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
	Start Mode	Constant Current
	Current Limit	350%
Fan Undamped	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
. a ondanpod	Start Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Start Profile	Constant Acceleration
	Start Ramp Time	20 seconds
	Excess Start Time	30 seconds
	Locked Rotor Time	20 seconds
Compressor Screw	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
Compressor serew	Start Mode	Constant Current
	Start Ramp Time	5 seconds
	Current Limit	400%
Compressor Recip	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
Compressor recip	Start Mode	Constant Current
	Start Ramp Time	5 seconds
	Current Limit	450%
Convovos	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
Conveyor	Start Mode	Constant Current
	Start Ramp Time	5 seconds
	Current Limit	400%
	Stop Mode	Adaptive Control
	Adaptive Stop Profile	Constant Deceleration
	Stop Time	10 seconds
Crusher Rotan	,	
Crusher Rotary	Motor Full Load Current Start Mode	Model dependent
		Constant Current 10 seconds
	Start Ramp Time Current Limit	
	Excess Start Time	400% 30 seconds
	Locked Rotor Time	20 seconds
Carrelana lavri		
Crusher Jaw	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
	Start Mode	Constant Current
	Start Ramp Time	10 seconds
	Current Limit	450%
	Excess Start Time	40 seconds
	Locked Rotor Time	30 seconds

9.5 Standard Menu

The standard menu provides access to commonly used parameters, allowing the user to configure the EMX3 as required for the application. For details of individual parameters, refer to *Parameter Descriptions* on page 45.

		Parameter Group	Default Setting
1		Motor Data-I	
	IA	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
2		Start/Stop Modes-I	
	2A	Start Mode	Constant Current
	2B	Start Ramp Time	10s
	2C	Initial Current	350%
	2D	Current Limit	350%
	2H	Stop Mode	Coast To Stop
	21	Stop Time	Os
3		Auto-Start/Stop	
	3A	Auto-Start Type	Off
	3B	Auto-Start Time	lm
	3C	Auto-Stop Type	Off
	3D	Auto-Stop Time	Im
4		Protection Settings	
	4A	Excess Start Time	20s
	4C	Undercurrent	20%
	4D	Undercurrent Delay	5s
	4E	Instantaneous Overcurrent	400%
	4E 4F	Instantaneous Overcurrent Instantaneous Overcurrent Delay	
		/	Os Any Conventor
,	4G	Phase Sequence	Any Sequence
6	LA	Inputs	N4 . C . C
	6A	Input A Function	Motor Set Select
	6B	Input A Name	Input Trip
	6C	Input A Trip	Always Active
	6D	Input A Trip Delay	Os
	6E	Input A Initial Delay	Os T. C. (1/2)
	6F	Input B Function	Input Trip (N/O)
	6G	Input B Name	Input Trip
	6H	Input B Trip	Always Active
	61	Input B Trip Delay	Os
	6J	Input B Initial Delay	Os
7		Outputs	
	7A	Relay A Function	Main Contactor
	7B	Relay A On Delay	Os
	7C	Relay A Off Delay	Os
	7D	Relay B Function	Run
	7E	Relay B On Delay	Os
	7F	Relay B Off Delay	Os
	7G	Relay C Function	Trip
	7H	Relay C On Delay	Os
	71	Relay C Off Delay	Os
	7M	Low Current Flag	50%
	7N	High Current Flag	100%
	70	Motor Temperature Flag	80%
8		Display	
	8A	Language	English
	8B	FI Button Action	Auto-Start/Stop Menu
	8C	F2 Button Action	None
	8D	Display A or kW	Current
	8E	User Screen - Top Left	Starter State
	8E 8F		Blank
		User Screen - Top Right	
	8G	User Screen - Bottom Left	Hours Run
	8H	User Screen - Bottom Right	Analog Input

9.6 Extended Menu

The Extended Menu provides access to all the EMX3's programmable parameters.

		Parameter Group	Default Setting
1	·	Motor Data-I	Doisant Cottan is
•	IA	Motor Full Load Current	Model dependent
	IB	Locked Rotor Time	Om:10s
	IC	Locked Rotor Current	600%
	ID	Motor Service Factor	105%
2		Start/Stop Modes-I	10370
_	2A	Start Mode	Constant Current
	2B	Start Ramp Time	10 s
	2C	Initial Current	350%
	2D	Current Limit	350%
	2E	Adaptive Start Profile	Constant Acceleration
	2F	Kickstart Time	0000ms
	2G	Kickstart Level	500%
	2H	Stop Mode	Coast To Stop
	21	Stop Time	0m:00s
	2J	Adaptive Stop Profile	Constant Deceleration
	2K	Adaptive Control Gain	75%
	2L	Brake Torque	20%
	2M	Brake Time	0m:01s
3		Auto-Start/Stop	
	3A	Auto-Start Type	Off
	3B	Auto-Start Time	00h:01m
	3C	Auto-Stop Type	Off
	3D	Auto-Stop Time	00h:01m
4		Protection Settings	
	4A	Excess Start Time	0m:20s
	4B	Excess Start Time-2	0m:20s
	4C	Undercurrent	20%
	4D	Undercurrent Delay	0m:05s
	4E	Instantaneous Overcurrent	400%
	4F	Instantaneous Overcurrent Delay	0m:00s
	4G	Phase Sequence	Any Sequence
	4H	Current Imbalance	30%
	41	Current Imbalance Delay	0m:03s
	4J	Frequency Check	Start/Run
	4K	Frequency Variation	± 5Hz
	4L	Frequency Delay	Om:01s
	4M	Restart Delay	IOs .
	4N	Motor Temperature Check	Do Not Check
	40	Ground Fault Level	100 mA
	4P	Ground Fault Delay	0m:03s
	4Q	Reserved	-
	4R	Reserved	-
	4S 4T	Reserved Reserved	
5	71	Auto-Reset Trips	-
3	5A	Auto-Reset Action	Do Not Auto-Reset
	5B	Maximum Resets	DO INOLAGIO-NESEL
	5C	Reset Delay Groups A&B	00m:05s
	5D	Reset Delay Groups Axib	05 m
6	JD	Inputs	
	6A	Input A Function	Motor Set Select
	6B	Input A Name	Input Trip
	6C	Input A Trip	Always Active
	6D	Input A Trip Delay	Om:00s
	6E	Input A Initial Delay	0m:00s
			5.1.1000

6	6F	Input B Function	Input Trip (N/O)
6	6G	Input B Name	Input Trip
6	6H	Input B Trip	Always Active
ϵ	<u>6</u> 1	Input B Trip Delay	0m:00s
6	6J	Input B Initial Delay	00m:00s
6	6K	Input C Function	Off
6	6L	Input D Function	Off
6	6M	Remote Reset Logic	Normally Closed
6	6N	Analog Input Trip	Do Not Trip
6	60	Analog Input Scale	2-10 V
6	6P	Analog Trip Point	50%
6	6Q	Local/Remote	LCL/RMT Anytime
6	6R	Comms in Remote	Enable Control in RMT
		Outputs	
-	7A	Relay A Function	Main Contactor
	7B	Relay A On Delay	0m:00s
	7C	Relay A Off Delay	0m:00s
	7D	Relay B Function	Run
	7E	Relay B On Delay	0m:00s
	7F	Relay B Off Delay	0m:00s
H -	7G	Relay C Function	Trip
	7 <u> </u>	Relay C On Delay	0m:00s
	71 71	Relay C Off Delay	0m:00s
	7] 7]	Relay D Function	Off
	7K	Relay E Function	Off
	7.K 7.L	Relay F Function	Off
	7M	Low Current Flag	50%
	7N	č	100%
	70	High Current Flag	80%
	7P	Motor Temperature Flag	Current (% FLC)
		Analog Output A	` ,
-	7Q	Analog A Scale	4-20 mA
-	7R	Analog A Maximum Adjustment	100%
-	7S 7T	Analog A Minimum Adjustment	000%
		Analog Output B	Current (% FLC)
	7U	Analog B Scale	4-20 mA
	7V	Analog B Maximum Adjustment	100%
	7W	Analog B Minimum Adjustment	000%
1.	<u> </u>	Display	15
—	3A	Language	English
	3B	FI Button Action	Auto-Start/Stop Menu
L	BC	F2 Button Action	None
	3D	Display A or kW	Current
L	3E	User Screen - Top Left	Starter State
	BF	User Screen - Top Right	Blank
-	8G	User Screen - Bottom Left	Hours Run
	3H	User Screen - Bottom Right	Analog Input
	31	Graph Data	Current (% FLC)
	BJ	Graph Timebase	10s
	3K	Graph Maximum Adjustment	400%
	3L	Graph Minimum Adjustment	000%
<u> </u>	3M	Current Calibration	100%
<u> </u>	3N	Mains Reference Voltage	400 V
8	30	Voltage Calibration	100%
		Motor Data-2	
9	9A	Dual Thermal Model	Single
Ç	9B	Motor FLC-2	Model dependent
Ç	9C	Locked Rotor Time-2	Om:10s
	9D	Locked Rotor Current-2	600%
19		Locked Notel Call Chi L	000/0

10		Start/Stop Modes-2	
	10A	Start Mode-2	Constant Current
	IOB	Start Ramp-2	0m:10s
	10C	Initial Current-2	350%
	10D	Current Limit-2	350%
	10E	Adaptive Start Profile-2	Constant Acceleration
	IOF	Kickstart Time-2	0000 ms
	10G	Kickstart Level-2	500%
	10H	Stop Mode-2	Coast To Stop
	101	Stop Time-2	0m:00s
	10]	Adaptive Stop Profile-2	Constant Deceleration
	IOK	Adaptive Control Gain-2	75%
	IOL	Brake Torque-2	20%
	IOM	Brake Time-2	Om:01s
11		RTD Temperatures	
	HA	RTD/PT100 A °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	IIB	RTD/PT100 B °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	IIC	RTD/PT100 C °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	IID	RTD/PT100 D °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	HE	RTD/PT100 E °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	HE	RTD/PT100 F °C	50 °C (122 °F)
	IIG	RTD/PT100 G °C	50 °C (122 °F)
12	1110	Slip-Ring Motors	30 0 (122 1)
	12A	Motor Data- / Ramp	Single Ramp
	12B	Motor Data-2 Ramp	Single Ramp
	12C	Changeover Time	150 ms
	12D	Slip Ring Retard	50%
15		Advanced (Requires Access Code. Default: 0000)	
	15A	Access Code	0000
	15B	Adjustment Lock	Read & Write
	15C	Emergency Run	Disable
	15D	Shorted SCR Action	3-Phase Control Only
	15E	Jog Torque	50%
16		Protection Action	
	16A	Motor Overload	Trip Starter
	16B	Excess Start Time	Trip Starter
	16C	Undercurrent	Trip Starter
	16D	Instantaneous Overcurrent	Trip Starter
	16E	Current Imbalance	Trip Starter
	16F	Frequency	Trip Starter
	16G	Input A Trip	Trip Starter
	16H	Input B Trip	Trip Starter
	161	Motor Thermistor	Trip Starter
	16]	Starter Communication	Trip Starter
	16K	Network Communication	Trip Starter
	16L	Heatsink Overtemperature	Trip Starter
	16M	Battery/Clock	Trip Starter
	16N	Ground Fault	Trip Starter
	160	RTD/PT100 A	Trip Starter
	16P 16Q	RTD/PT100 B RTD/PT100 C	Trip Starter Trip Starter
	16Q 16R	RTD/PT100 C	Trip Starter Trip Starter
	16S	RTD/PT100 E	Trip Starter Trip Starter
	163 16T	RTD/PT100 F	Trip Starter Trip Starter
	16U	RTD/PT100 G	Trip Starter
	16V	Reserved	- 111p Startel
	16W	Reserved	_
	16X	Low Control Volts	Trip Starter
			1 20.

20	Restricted	
	Factory Use Only	

9.7 Load/Save Settings

The Load/Save Settings menu requires an access code and allows users to:

- Load the EMX3's parameters with default values
- Reload previously saved parameter settings from an internal file
- Save the current parameter settings to an internal file

In addition to the factory default values file, the EMX3 can store two user-defined parameter files. These files contain default values until a user file is saved.

To load or save parameter settings:

- I. Open the Programming Menu.
- 2. Scroll to Load/Save Settings and press the button.
- 3. Scroll to the required function and press the button.

Load/Save Settings Load Defaults Load Backup Load User Set 1

4. At the confirmation prompt, select YES to confirm or NO to cancel and then **STORE** to load/save the selection.

Load Defaults No Yes

When the action has been completed, the screen will briefly display a confirmation message, then return to the status screens.



NOTE

The saved files and current operating settings are stored in both the keypad and in the soft starter. The keypad will prompt you to synchronise the settings whenever it is plugged into a new EMX3.

9.8 Parameter Descriptions

I Motor Data-I

The parameters in Motor Data-I configure the soft starter to match the connected motor. These parameters describe the motor's operating characteristics and allow the soft starter to model the motor's temperature.



NOTE

When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) for parameter IA. The EMX3 will automatically detect whether the motor is connected in-line or inside delta and will calculate the correct inside delta current level.

IA - Motor FLC

Range: Model dependent

Description: Matches the starter to the connected motor's full load current. Set to the full load current

(FLC) rating shown on the motor nameplate.

IB - Locked Rotor Time

Range: 0:01 - 2:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 10 seconds

Description: Sets the maximum length of time the motor can sustain locked rotor current from cold

before reaching its maximum temperature. Set according to the motor datasheet.

IC - Locked Rotor Current

Range: 400% - 1200% FLC Default: 600%

Description: Sets the locked rotor current of the connected motor, as a percentage of full load current.

Set according to the motor datasheet.

ID – Motor Service Factor

Range: 100% - 130% Default: 105%

Description: Sets the motor service factor used by the thermal model. If the motor runs at full load

current, it will reach 100%. Set according to the motor datasheet.



NOTE

Parameters IB, IC and ID determine the trip current for motor overload protection. The default settings of parameters IB, IC and ID provide Motor Overload Protection: Class I0, Trip Current I05% of FLA or equivalent.

2 Start/Stop Modes-I

2A - Start Mode

Options: Constant Current (default)

Adaptive Control

Description: Selects the soft start mode.

2B - Start Ramp Time

Range: I - 180 (seconds) Default: 10 seconds

Description: Sets the total start time for an Adaptive Control start or the ramp time for current ramp

starting (from the initial current to the current limit).

2C - Initial Current

Range: 100% - 600% FLC **Default:** 350%

Description: Sets the initial start current level for current ramp starting, as a percentage of motor full

load current. Set so that the motor begins to accelerate immediately after a start is

initiated.

If current ramp starting is not required, set the initial current equal to the current limit.

2D - Current Limit

Range: 100% - 600% FLC **Default:** 350%

Description: Sets the current limit for constant current and current ramp soft starting, as a percentage of

motor full load current.

2E - Adaptive Start Profile

Options: Early Acceleration

Constant Acceleration (default)

Late Acceleration

Description: Selects which profile the EMX3 will use for an Adaptive Control soft start.

2F - Kickstart Time

Range: 0 – 2000 milliseconds Default: 0000 milliseconds

Description: Sets the kickstart duration. A setting of 0 disables kickstart.

2G - Kickstart Level

Range: 100% - 700% FLC **Default:** 500%

Description: Sets the level of the kickstart current.



CAUTION

Kickstart subjects the mechanical equipment to increased torque levels. Ensure the motor, load and couplings can handle the additional torque before using this feature.

2H - Stop Mode

Options: Coast To Stop (default)

TVR Soft Stop Adaptive Control

Brake

Description: Selects the stop mode.

2I - Stop Time

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 0 seconds

Description: Sets the time for soft stopping the motor using timed voltage ramp or Adaptive Control.

This also sets the total stopping time when using brake.

If a main contactor is installed, the contactor must remain closed until the end of the stop

time. Use one of the programmable relays to control the main contactor.

2J - Adaptive Stop Profile

Options: Early Deceleration

Constant Deceleration (default)

Late Deceleration

Description: Selects which profile the EMX3 will use for an Adaptive Control soft stop.

2K - Adaptive Control Gain

Range: 1% - 200% Default: 75%

Description: Adjusts the performance of Adaptive Control. This setting affects both starting and

stopping control.



NOTE

We recommend leaving the gain setting at the default level unless performance is not satisfactory. If the motor accelerates or decelerates too quickly at the end of a start or stop, increase the gain setting by $5\% \sim 10\%$. If the motor speed fluctuates during starting or stopping, decrease the gain setting slightly.

2L - Brake Torque

Range: 20% - 100% Default: 20%

Description: Sets the amount of brake torque the EMX3 will use to slow the motor.

2M - Brake Time

Range: I - 30 (seconds) Default: I second

Description: Sets the duration for DC injection during a braking stop.



NOTE

Parameter 2M is used in conjunction with parameter 2I. Refer to Brake on page 36 for details.

3 Auto-Start/Stop

The EMX3 can be programmed to start and stop automatically, after a specified delay or at a specified time of day. Auto-start and auto-stop can be set separately.

Auto-start/stop operation is only available in Remote mode. In Local mode, the starter will ignore any auto-start/stop setting.



CAUTION

The auto-start timer overrides other forms of control. The motor may start without warning.



WARNING

This function should not be used in conjunction with remote two-wire control.

The soft starter will still accept start and stop commands from the remote inputs or serial communication network. To disable local or remote control, use parameter 6Q.

If auto-start is enabled and the user is in the menu system, auto-start will become active if the menu times out (if no keypad activity is detected for five minutes).

3A – Auto-Start Type

Options:	Off (default) The soft starter will not auto-start.		
	Timer	The soft starter will auto-start after a delay from the next stop, as specified in parameter 3B.	
	Clock	The soft starter will auto-start at the time programmed in parameter 3B.	
Description:	Selects whether the soft starter will auto-start after a specified delay, or at a time of day.		
3B – Auto-Start Time			
Range:	00:01 - 24:00 (hours:minutes) Default: I minute		
Description:	Sets the time for the soft starter to auto-start, in 24 hour clock format.		
3C – Auto-Stop Type			
Options:	Off (default)	The soft starter will not auto-stop.	
·	Timer	The soft starter will auto-stop after a delay from the next start, as specified in parameter 3D.	
	Clock	The soft starter will auto-stop at the time programmed in parameter 3D.	

Description: Selects whether the soft starter will auto-stop after a specified delay, or at a time of day.

3D - Auto-Stop Time

Range: 00:01 - 24:00 (hours:minutes) Default: I minute

Description: Sets the time for the soft starter to auto-stop, in 24 hour clock format.

4 Protection Settings

These parameters determine when the soft starter's protection mechanisms will activate. The activation point for each protection mechanism can be set to suit the installation.

The soft starter responds to protection events by tripping, warning, or writing the event to the event log. The response is determined by the Protection Action settings. The default response is a trip.



CAUTION

The protection settings are vital for safe operation of the soft starter and motor. Defeating the protection may compromise the installation and should only be done in the case of emergency.

4A, 4B - Excess Start Time

Excess start time is the maximum time the EMX3 will attempt to start the motor. If the motor does not transition to Run mode within the programmed limit, the starter will trip. Set for a period slightly longer than required for a normal healthy start. A setting of 0 disables excess start time protection.

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 20 seconds

Description: Parameter 4A sets the time for the primary motor and parameter 4B (Excess Start Time-2)

sets the time for the secondary motor.

4C - Undercurrent

Range: 0% - 100% Default: 20%

Description: Sets the trip point for undercurrent protection, as a percentage of motor full load current.

Set to a level between the motor's normal working range and the motor's magnetising (no load) current (typically 25% to 35% of full load current). A setting of 0% disables

undercurrent protection.

4D - Undercurrent Delay

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 5 seconds

Description: Slows the EMX3's response to undercurrent, avoiding trips due to momentary fluctuations.

4E - Instantaneous Overcurrent

Range: 80% - 600% FLC **Default:** 400%

Description: Sets the trip point for instantaneous overcurrent protection, as a percentage of motor full

load current

4F - Instantaneous Overcurrent Delay

Range: 0:00 - 1:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 0 second

Description: Slows the EMX3's response to overcurrent, avoiding trips due to momentary overcurrent

events.

4G – Phase Sequence

Options: Any Sequence (default)

Positive Only Negative Only

Description: Selects which phase sequences the soft starter will allow at a start. During its pre-start

checks, the starter examines the sequence of the phases at its input terminals and trips if

the actual sequence does not match the selected option.

4H - Current Imbalance

Range: 10% - 50% **Default:** 30%

Description: Sets the trip point for current imbalance protection.

4I - Current Imbalance Delay

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 3 seconds

Description: Slows the EMX3's response to current imbalance, avoiding trips due to momentary

fluctuations.

4J - Frequency Check

Options: Do Not Check

Start Only

Start/Run (default)

Run Only

Description: Determines when and if the starter will monitor for a frequency trip.

4K - Frequency Variation

Options: $\pm 2 \text{ Hz}$

 \pm 5 Hz (default) \pm 10 Hz \pm 15 Hz

Description: Selects the soft starter's tolerance for frequency variation.

4L – Frequency Delay

Range: 0:01 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: I second

Description: Slows the EMX3's response to frequency disturbances, avoiding trips due to momentary

fluctuations.



NOTE

If the mains frequency drops below 35 Hz or rises above 75 Hz, the starter will trip immediately.



CAUTION

Running a motor outside its specified frequency for long periods can cause damage and premature failure.

4M – Restart Delay

Range: 00:01 - 60:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 10 seconds

Description: The EMX3 can be configured to force a delay between the end of a stop and the beginning

of the next start. During the restart delay period, the display shows the time remaining

before another start can be attempted.



NOTE

The restart delay is measured from the end of each stop. Changes to the restart delay setting take effect after the next stop.

4N - Motor Temp Check

Options: Do Not Check (default)

Check

Description: Selects whether the EMX3 will verify the motor has sufficient thermal capacity for a

successful start. The soft starter compares the motor's calculated temperature with the temperature rise from the last motor start and only operates if the motor is cool enough

to start successfully.

40 - Ground Fault Level

Range: 20 mA - 50 A (21 steps) **Default:** 100mA

Description: Sets the trip point for ground fault protection.

4P – Ground Fault Delay

Range: 0:01 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 3 seconds

Description: Slows the EMX3's response to ground fault variation, avoiding trips due to momentary

fluctuations.



NOTE

Ground fault protection is only available if the RTD/PTI00 and ground fault protection card is fitted.

4Q - Reserved

This parameter is reserved for internal use.

4R - Reserved

This parameter is reserved for internal use.

4S - Reserved

This parameter is reserved for internal use.

4T - Reserved

This parameter is reserved for internal use.

5 Auto-Reset Trips

The EMX3 can be programmed to automatically reset certain trips, which can help minimise operating downtime. Trips are divided into three categories for auto-reset, depending on the risk to the soft starter:

Group	Trips
Α	Current imbalance
	Phase loss
	Power loss
	Frequency
В	Undercurrent
	Instantaneous overcurrent
	Input trip
	Input B trip
С	Motor overload (thermal model)
	RTD/PT100 temperature trips
	Motor thermistor
	Heatsink overtemperature

Other trips cannot be automatically reset.

This function is ideal for remote installations using 2-wire control in Remote mode. If the 2-wire start signal is present after an auto-reset, the EMX3 will restart.

5A - Auto-Reset Action

Options: Do Not Auto-Reset (default)

Reset Group A & B Reset Group A, B & C

Description: Selects which trips can be auto-reset.

5B - Maximum Resets

Range: 1 - 5 Default:

Description: Sets how many times the soft starter will auto-reset, if it continues to trip. The reset

counter increases by one each time the soft starter auto-resets, and decreases by one after

each successful start/stop cycle.

5C - Auto-Reset Delay Groups A&B

Range: 00:05 - 15:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 5 seconds

Description: Sets the delay before resetting Group A and Group B trips.

5D - Reset Delay Group C

Range: 5 - 60 (minutes) Default: 5 seconds

Description: Sets the delay before resetting Group C trips.

6 Inputs

The EMX3 has two programmable inputs, which allow remote control of the soft starter. If required, two extra inputs are available on the input/output expansion card.

6A - Input A Function

Options: Motor Set Select (default) The EMX3 can be configured with two separate sets of

motor data.

To use the secondary motor data, parameter 6A must be set to 'Motor Set Select' and C53, C54 must be closed when a start command is given. The EMX3 checks which motor data to use at a start, and will use that motor data for the

entire start/stop cycle.

Input A can be used to trip the soft starter. When Input Trip (N/O)

parameter 6A is set to Input Trip (N/O), a closed circuit

across C53, C54 trips the soft starter.

When parameter 6A is set to Input Trip (N/C), an open Input Trip (N/C)

circuit across C53, C54 trips the soft starter.

Input A can be used to select between local and remote Local/Remote Select

> control, instead of using the LCL/RMT button on the keypad. When the input is open, the starter is in local mode and can be controlled via the keypad. When the input is closed, the starter is in remote mode. The START and LCL/RMT buttons are disabled, and the soft starter will ignore any Local/Remote select command from the serial

communications network.

To use Input A to select between local and remote control, parameter 6Q must be set to 'LCL/RMT Anytime' or

'LCL/RMT When Off'.

Emergency Run In emergency run the soft starter continues to run until

stopped, ignoring all trips and warnings (refer to parameter

I5C for details).

Closing the circuit across C53, C54 activates emergency run.

Opening the circuit ends emergency run and the EMX3

stops the motor.

Starter Disable The EMX3 can be disabled via the control inputs. An open

> circuit across C53, C54 will disable the starter. The EMX3 will not respond to start commands. If running, the soft starter will allow the motor to coast to stop, ignoring the soft

stop mode set in parameter 2H.

Jog Forward Activates jog operation in a forward direction (will operate

only in Remote mode).

log Reverse Activates jog operation in reverse direction (will operate only

in Remote mode).

Description: Selects the function of Input A.

6B - Input A Name

Options: Input Trip (default) No Flow

Starter Disable Low Pressure High Pressure Controller Pump Fault PLC

Low Level Vibration Alarm

High Level

Description: Selects a message for the keypad to display when Input A is active.

6C - Input A Trip

Options: Always Active (default) A trip can occur at any time when the soft starter is

receiving power.

Operating Only A trip can occur while the soft starter is running, stopping

or starting.

Run Only A trip can only occur while the soft starter is running.

Description: Selects when an input trip can occur.

6D - Input A Trip Delay

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 0 second Sets a delay between the input activating and the soft starter tripping. Description:

6E - Input A Initial Delay

Range: 00:00 - 30:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 0 second

Sets a delay before an input trip can occur. The initial delay is counted from the time a Description:

start signal is received. The state of the input is ignored until the initial delay has elapsed.

6F, 6G, 6H, 6I, 6J - Input B Trip

Parameters 6F~6| configure the operation of Input B, in the same way as parameters 6A~6E configure Input A. Refer to Input A for details.

6F Input B Function (Default: Input Trip (N/O))
 6G Input B Name (Default: Input Trip)

• 6H *Input B Trip* (**Default:** Always Active)

61 Input B Trip Delay (Default: 0:00)
6| Input B Initial Delay (Default: 0:00)

6K, 6L - Inputs C and D

Parameters 6K and 6L select the function of Inputs C and D. Refer to parameter 6A for details.

Inputs C and D are only available if the input/output expansion card has been installed.

Options: Motor Set Select

Local/Remote Select Emergency Run Starter Disable (N/C) Off (default)

6M – Remote Reset Logic

Options: Normally Closed (default)

Normally Open

Description: Selects whether the EMX3's remote reset input (terminals C41, C42) is normally open or

normally closed.

6N - Analog Input Trip

An analog input can be fitted to the EMX3 if required. An external device can activate the analog input to trip the soft starter in response to external conditions.

Options: Do Not Trip (default)

Trip High Trip Low

Description: Selects the soft starter's response to the analog input signal.

6O - Analog Input Scale

Options: 0-10 V (default)

2-10 V

Description: Selects the scale of the analog input.

6P - Analog Trip Point

Range: 0% - 100% **Default:** 50%

Description: Sets the signal level at which an analog input trip will occur, as a percentage of the

maximum signal on the input.

6Q - Local/Remote

Options: LCL/RMT Anytime LCL/RMT button is always enabled.

LCL/RMT When Off LCL/RMT button is enabled when the starter is off.

Local Control Only All remote inputs are disabled.

Remote Control Only Local control buttons (START, RESET, LCL/RMT)

are disabled.

Description: Selects when the **LCL/RMT** button can be used to switch between local and remote

control, and enables or disables the local control buttons and remote control inputs.

The **STOP** button on the keypad is always enabled.



CAUTION

The **STOP** button on the keypad is always enabled. When using two-wire remote control, the soft starter will restart if the remote start/stop and reset inputs are still active.

6R - Comms in Remote

Options: Disable Control in RMT

Enable Control in RMT (default)

Description: Selects whether the starter will accept Start and Stop commands from the serial

communication network when in Remote mode. The Reset, Force Comms Trip and

Local/Remote Control commands are always enabled.

7 Outputs

The EMX3 has three programmable outputs, which can be used to signal different operating conditions to associated equipment. Three additional outputs are available on the input/output expansion card.

7A - Relay A Function

/A – Relay A Function			
Options:	Off	Relay A is not used.	
	Main Contactor (default)	The relay closes when the EMX3 receives a start command, and remains closed as long as the motor is receiving voltage.	
	Run	The relay closes when the starter changes to run state.	
	Trip	The relay closes when the starter trips (refer to parameter 16A to 16X).	
	Warning	The relay closes when the starter issues a warning (refer to parameter 16A to 16X).	
	Low Current Flag	The relay closes when the low current flag activates (refer to parameter 7M <i>Low Current Flag</i>).	
	High Current Flag	The relay closes when the high current flag activates (refer to parameter 7N <i>High Current Flag</i>).	
	Motor Temperature Flag	The relay closes when the motor temperature flag activates (refer to parameter 70 <i>Motor Temperature Flag</i>).	
	Input A Trip	The relay closes when Input A activates to trip the soft starter.	
	Input B Trip	The relay closes when Input B activates to trip the soft starter.	
	Motor Overload (thermal model)	The relay closes when the starter trips on Motor Overload.	
	Current Imbalance	The relay closes when the starter trips on Current Imbalance.	
	Undercurrent	The relay closes when the starter trips on Undercurrent.	
	Instantaneous Overcurrent	The relay closes when the starter trips on Instantaneous overcurrent.	
	Frequency	The relay closes when the starter trips on Frequency.	
	Ground Fault	The relay closes when the starter trips on Ground Fault.	
	Heatsink Overtemperature	The relay closes when the starter trips on Heatsink Overtemperature.	
	Phase Loss	The relay closes when the starter trips on Phase Loss.	
	Motor Thermistor Changeover Contactor	The relay closes when the starter trips on Motor Thermistor. The relay closes when the high rotor resistance current ramp has reached full voltage, allowing use with a slip-ring motor.	
	Undervoltage Ready	Not available with EMX3. The relay is closed when the starter is in Ready state.	
Description:	Selects the function of Relay	A (normally open).	
7B – Relay A On Delay	,		
Range:	0:00 - 5:00 (minutes:second	s) Default: 0 second	
Description:	Sets the delay for closing Re	•	
7C – Relay A Off Delay			
Range:	0:00 - 5:00 (minutes:second	s) Default: 0 second	
Description:	Sets the delay for re-openin	g Relay A.	

7D~7L - Output Relays B, C, D, E, F

Parameters 7D \sim 7L configure the operation of Relays B, C, D, E and F in the same way as parameters 7A \sim 7C configure Relay A. Refer to *Relay A Function* for details.

Relay B is a changeover relay.

- 7D Relay B Function **Default:** Run
- 7E Relay B On Delay
- 7F Relay B Off Delay

Relay C is a changeover relay.

- 7G Relay C Function Default: Trip
- 7H Relay C On Delay
- 71 Relay C Off Delay

Relays D, E and F are only available if the input/output expansion card has been installed. These relays do not support on or off delays and do not support 'Changeover Contactor' function. Relay D is normally closed, relays E and F are normally open.

7] Relay D Function Default: Off
 7K Relay E Function Default: Off
 7L Relay F Function Default: Off

7M - Low Current Flag

The EMX3 has low and high current flags to give early warning of abnormal operation. The current flags can be configured to indicate an abnormal current level during operation, between the normal operating level and the undercurrent or instantaneous overcurrent trip levels. The flags can signal the situation to external equipment via one of the programmable outputs. The flags clear when the current returns within the normal operating range by 10% of the programmed motor full load current.

Range: 1% - 100% FLC **Default:** 50%

Description: Sets the level at which the low current flag operates, as a percentage of motor full load

current.

7N - High Current Flag

Range: 50% - 600% FLC **Default:** 100%

Description: Sets the level at which the high current flag operates, as a percentage of motor full load

current.

70 - Motor Temperature Flag

The EMX3 has a motor temperature flag to give early warning of abnormal operation. The flag can indicate that the motor is operating above its normal operating temperature but lower than the overload limit. The flag can signal the situation to external equipment via one of the programmable outputs.

Range: 0% - 160% **Default:** 80%

Description: Sets the level at which the motor temperature flag operates, as a percentage of the

motor's thermal capacity.

7P - Analog Output A

Options: Current (% FLC) (default) Current as a percentage of motor full load current.

Motor Temp (%) Motor temperature as a percentage of the motor's thermal

capacity.

Motor kW (%) Measured motor kilowatts, as a percentage of maximum

kW.

Motor kVA (%) Measured motor kilovolt amperes, as a percentage of

maximum kVA.

Motor pf Motor power factor, measured by the soft starter.

Measured motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x average current x mains reference voltage x

measured power factor

Maximum motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x motor FLC x mains reference voltage. Power factor is

assumed to be I

Measured motor kVA: $\sqrt{3}$ x average current x mains reference voltage

Maximum motor kVA: $\sqrt{3}$ x motor FLC x mains reference voltage

Description: Selects which information will be reported via the analog output.

7Q – Analog A Scale

Range: 0-20 mA

4-20 mA (default)

Description: Selects the range of the analog output.

7R - Analog A Maximum

Range: 0% - 600% **Default:** 100%

Description: Calibrates the upper limit of the analog output to match the signal measured on an

external current measuring device.

7S – Analog A Minimum

Range: 0% - 600% **Default:** 0%

Description:

Calibrates the lower limit of the analog output to match the signal measured on an external

current measuring device.

7T, 7U, 7V, 7W - Analog Output B

Parameters 7T~7W configure the operation of *Analog Output B*, in the same way as parameters 7P~7S configure analog output A. Refer to *Analog Output A* for details.

Output B is only available if the input/output expansion card has been installed.

8 Display

These parameters allow the keypad to be tailored to individual users' requirements.

8A - Language

Options: English (default)

Chinese Español Deutsch Português Français Italiano Russian

Description: Selects which language the keypad will use to display messages and feedback.

8B, 8C - FI and F2 Button Action

Options: None

Auto-Start/Stop Menu

Jog Forward Jog Reverse

Description: Selects the function of the F1 and F2 buttons on the keypad.



NOTE

The access code is not required to use the F1 and F2 buttons. Users can access these functions regardless of the setting of parameter 15B Adjustment Lock.

8D - Display A or kW

Options:

Current (default)

Motor kW

Description:

Selects whether the EMX3 will display current (amperes) or motor kilowatts on the main

monitoring screen.

8E, 8F, 8G, 8H - User-Programmable Screen

Options:	Blank	Displays no data in the selected area, allowing long messages to be shown without overlapping.
	Starter State (default)	The starter's operating state (starting, running, stopping or tripped). Only available for top left and bottom left positions on the screen.
	Motor Current	The average current measured on three phases.
	Motor pf	The motor's power factor, measured by the soft starter.
	Mains Frequency	The average frequency measured on three phases.
	Motor kW	The motor's running power in kilowatts.
	Motor HP	The motor's running power in horsepower.
	Motor Temp	The motor's temperature, calculated by the thermal model.
	kWh	The number of kilowatt hours the motor has run via the soft starter.
	Hours Run	The number of hours the motor has run via the soft starter.
	Analog Input	The level of analog input A (refer to parameters $6N\sim6P$). This setting is only available if the input/output expansion option is installed.

Description: Selects which information will be displayed on the programmable monitoring screen.

8E User Screen - Top Left
 8F User Screen - Top Right
 8G User Screen - Bottom Left
 8H User Screen - Bottom Right
 Default: Blank
 Default: Hours Run
 Default: Analog Input

81 - Graph Data

The EMX3 has a real-time performance graph to report the behaviour of critical operating parameters.

Options: Current (% FLC) (default) Current as a percentage of motor full load current.

Motor Temp (%) Motor temperature as a percentage of the motor's thermal

capacity.

Motor kW (%) Measured motor kilowatts, as a percentage of maximum kW.

Motor kVA (%) Measured motor kilovolt amperes, as a percentage of

maximum kVA.

Motor pf Motor power factor, measured by the soft starter.

Measured motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x average current x mains reference voltage x measured

power factor

Maximum motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x motor FLC x mains reference voltage. Power factor is

assumed to be I

Measured motor kVA: $\sqrt{3}$ x average current x mains reference voltage

 $\sqrt{3}$ x motor FLC x mains reference voltage

Description: Selects which information the graph will display.

Maximum motor kVA:

8] - Graph Timebase

Options: 10 seconds (default)

30 seconds I minute 5 minutes 10 minutes 30 minutes I hour

Description: Sets the graph time scale. The graph will progressively replace the old data with new data.

8K - Graph Maximum

Range: 0% – 600% Default: 400%

Description: Adjusts the upper limit of the performance graph.

8L – Graph Minimum

Range: 0% - 600% Default: 0%

Description: Adjusts the lower limit of the performance graph.

8M - Current Calibration

Range: 85% - 115% Default: 100%

Description: Calibrates the soft starter's current monitoring circuits to match an external current

metering device.

Use the following formula to determine the necessary adjustment:

Calibration (%) = Current shown on EMX3 display

Current measured by external device

eg 102% = 66A 65A



NOTE

This adjustment affects all current-based functions and protections.

8N - Mains Reference Voltage

Range: 100 - 690 V Default: 400 V

Description: Sets the nominal mains voltage for the keypad's monitoring functions. This is used to

calculate motor kilowatts and kilovolt amperes (kVA) but does not affect the EMX3's

motor control or protection.

80 Reserved

Description: This parameter is reserved for future use.

9 Motor Data-2

The EMX3 can support two different starting and stopping motor data sets.

- To use the EMX3 with two separate motors (such as a duty-standby configuration), use parameter 9A to select dual thermal modelling and configure parameters 9B~9E to suit the second motor.
- To use the EMX3 with two different motor data sets for the same motor (for dual speed motors or applications where starting conditions may vary), use parameter 9A to select a single thermal model, and configure the starting and stopping profiles as required in parameters IOA~IOG. The soft starter will ignore parameters 9B~9E and will use settings from the primary motor.

To select the secondary motor data set, a programmable input must be configured to parameter set selection (parameters 6A and 6F) and the input must be active when the soft starter receives a start signal.



NOTE

You can only choose which motor data set to use while the soft starter is stopped.

9A - Dual Thermal Model

Options: Single (default)

Dual

Description: Activates dual thermal modelling. The dual thermal model is required only if the EMX3 is

controlling two physically separate motors.

9B - Motor FLC-2

Range: Model dependent

Description: Sets the secondary motor's full load current.

9C - Locked Rotor Time-2

Range: 0:01 - 2:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 10 seconds

Description: Sets the maximum length of time the motor can sustain locked rotor current from cold

before reaching its maximum temperature. Set according to the motor datasheet.

9D - Locked Rotor Current-2

Range: 400% - 1200% FLC **Default:** 600%

Description: Sets the locked rotor current of the connected motor, as a percentage of full load current.

Set according to the motor datasheet.

9E - Motor Service Factor-2

Range: 100% - 130% FLC **Default:** 105%

Description: Sets the secondary motor's service factor.

10 Start/Stop-2

10A - Start Mode-2

Options: Constant Current (default)

Adaptive Control

Description: Selects the soft start mode.

10B - Start Ramp Time-2

Range: I - 180 (seconds) Default: 10 seconds

Description: Sets the total start time for an Adaptive Control start or the ramp time for current ramp

starting (from the initial current to the current limit).

10C - Initial Current-2

Range: 100% - 600% Default: 350%

Description: Sets the initial start current level for current ramp starting, as a percentage of motor full

load current. Set so that the motor begins to accelerate immediately after a start is

initiated.

If current ramp starting is not required, set the initial current equal to the current limit.

10D - Current Limit-2

Range: 100% - 600% FLC Default: 350%

Description: Sets the current limit for constant current and current ramp soft starting, as a percentage of

motor full load current.

10E - Adaptive Start Profile-2

Options: Early Acceleration

Constant Acceleration (default)

Late Acceleration

Description: Selects which profile the EMX3 will use for an Adaptive Control soft start.

10F - Kickstart Time-2

Range: 0 - 2000 (milliseconds) Default: 0000 milliseconds

Description: Sets the kickstart duration. A setting of 0 disables kickstart.

10G - Kickstart Level-2

Range: 100% - 700% FLC **Default:** 500%

Description: Sets the level of the kickstart current.

10H - Stop Mode-2

Options: Coast To Stop (default)

TVR Soft Stop Adaptive Control

Brake

Description: Selects the stop mode.

10I - Stop Time-2

Range: 0:00 - 4:00 (minutes:seconds) Default: 0 second

Description: Sets the stop time.

10J – Adaptive Stop Profile-2

Options: Early Deceleration

Constant Deceleration (default)

Late Deceleration

Description: Selects which profile the EMX3 will use for an Adaptive Control soft stop.

10K – Adaptive Control Gain-2

Range: 1% - 200% **Default:** 75%

Description: Adjusts the performance of Adaptive Control. This setting affects both starting and

stopping control.

10L - Brake Torque-2

Range: 20% - 100% Default: 20%

Description: Sets the amount of brake torque the EMX3 will use to slow the motor.

10M - Brake Time-2

Range: I - 30 (seconds) Default: I second

Description: Sets the duration for DC injection during a braking stop.

II RTD Temperatures

The EMX3 has one RTD/PT100 input and can be fitted with another six PT100 inputs by using the RTD/PT100 and ground fault protection card. The inputs can trip the soft starter when the temperature exceeds a specified point, and different trip temperatures can be set for each input.

PT100 inputs B \sim G are only available if the RTD/PT100 and ground fault protection card has been installed.

Range: $0 - 250 \degree C$ Default: $50 \degree C$

Description: Sets the trip points for the RTD/PT100 inputs.

• IIA RTD A Trip Temp

• IIB RTD B Trip Temp

• IIC RTD C Trip Temp

• IID RTD D Trip Temp

• IIE RTD E Trip Temp

• I IF RTD F Trip Temp

• IIG RTD G Trip Temp

12 Slip-Ring Motors

These parameters allow the soft starter to be configured for use with a slip-ring motor.

12A, 12B - Motor Data-1 and Motor Data-2 Ramp

Options: Single Ramp (default)

Dual Ramp

Description: Selects whether to use a single or dual current ramp profile for soft starting. Set to single

> ramp for non-slip ring induction motors, or dual ramp for slip-ring induction motors. Parameter 12A selects the ramp configuration for the primary motor and parameter 12B

selects the ramp configuration for the secondary motor.

12C - Changeover Time

Range: 100 - 500 (milliseconds) Default: 150 milliseconds

Description: Sets the delay between the rotor resistance relay closing and the low resistance current

ramp starting. Set so that the contactor has enough time to close, but the motor does not

slow down.

Parameter 12C only applies if parameter 12A or 12B is set to 'Dual Ramp', and an output

relay is set to 'Changeover Contactor'.

12D - Slip-Ring Retard

10% - 90% Default: 50% Range:

Description: Sets the level of conduction after the rotor resistance contactor closes, as a percentage of

full conduction.

Set so that no current pulse occurs, but the motor retains enough speed to start correctly.

15 Advanced

15A - Access Code

0000 - 9999 Default: 0000 Range:

Description: Sets the access code to control access to restricted sections of the menus.

Use the ◀ and ▶ buttons to select which digit to alter and use the ▲ and ▼ buttons

to change the value.



In the event of a lost access code, contact your supplier for a master access code that allows you to re-program a new access code.

15B – Adjustment Lock

Options: Read & Write (default) Allows users to alter parameter values in the Programming

Read Only Prevents users altering parameter values in the Programming

Menu. Parameter values can still be viewed.

Description: Selects whether the keypad will allow parameters to be changed via the Programming

Menu.



NOTE

Changes to the Adjustment Lock setting take effect only after the Programming Menu has been closed.

15C - Emergency Run

Options: Disable (default)

Enable

Description: Selects whether the soft starter will permit emergency run operation. In emergency run,

the soft starter will start (if not already running) and continue to operate until emergency

run ends, ignoring stop commands and trips.

Emergency run is controlled using a programmable input.



CAUTION

Continued use of Emergency Run is not recommended. Emergency Run may compromise the starter life as all protections and trips are disabled.

Using the starter in Emergency Run mode will void the product warranty.

15D - Shorted SCR Action

Options: 3-Phase Control Only (default)

PowerThrough

Description: Selects whether the soft starter will allow PowerThrough operation. For critical applications

this allows the soft starter to control the motor with two-phase control, if the soft starter is damaged on one phase. PowerThrough only operates after the soft starter has tripped on

"Lx-Tx Shorted" and has been reset.



CAUTION

PowerThrough uses a two-phase soft start technology and additional care is required when sizing circuit breakers and protection. Contact your local supplier for assistance.

PowerThrough remains active until '3-Phase Control Only' is reselected.

PowerThrough operation does not support Adaptive Control soft starting or soft stopping. In PowerThrough, the EMX3 will automatically select constant current soft starting and timed voltage ramp soft stopping. If PowerThrough is enabled, parameters 2C and 2D must be set appropriately.

PowerThrough can only operate with internally bypassed soft starters.



NOTE

PowerThrough is only available with in-line installations. If the starter is installed inside delta, PowerThrough will not operate.

The starter will trip on Lx-Tx Shorted on the first start attempt after control power is applied. PowerThrough will not operate if control power is cycled between starts.

15E - Jog Torque

The EMX3 can jog the motor at a reduced speed, which allows precise positioning of belts and flywheels. Jog can be used for either forward or reverse operation.

Range: 20% - 100% **Default:** 50%

Description: Sets the current limit for jog operation.

16 Protection Action

These parameters define how the soft starter will respond to different protection events. The soft starter can trip, issue a warning, or ignore different protection events as required. All protection events are written to the event log. The default action for all protections is to trip the soft starter.

Protections 16N Ground Fault and 16P~16U RTD/PT100 are only available if the RTD/PT100 and ground fault protection card has been fitted.



CAUTION

Defeating the protection may compromise the starter and motor, and should only be done in the case of emergency.

16A~16X - Protection Actions

Options: Trip Starter (default)

Warn and Log Log Only

Description: Selects the soft starter's response to each protection.

• I6A Motor Overload

• 16B Excess Start Time

• I6C Undercurrent

• 16D Instantaneous Overcurrent

• 16E Current Imbalance

16F Frequency

• 16G Input A Trip

• 16H Input B Trip

• 161 Motor Thermistor

• | | | Starter Communication

• 16K Network Communication

I 6L Heatsink Overtemperature

- 16M Battery/Clock
- 16N Ground Fault
- 160~16U RTD A~G Overtemperature
- 16V Reserved
- I6W Reserved
- I6X Low Control Volts

20 Restricted

These parameters are restricted for Factory use and are not available to the user.

10 Application Examples

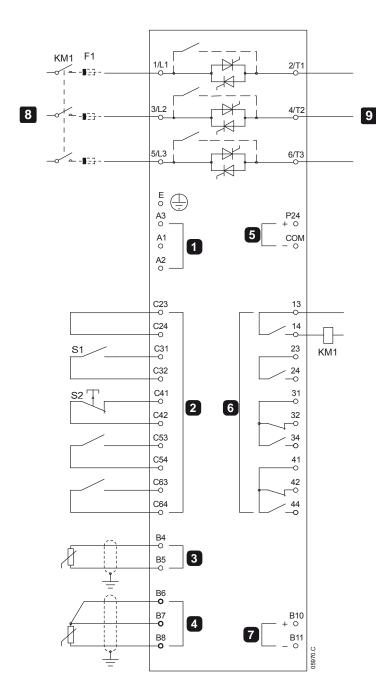
A selection of Application Notes are available describing advanced installation or configuration of the EMX3 for situations with specific performance requirements. Application notes are available for situations including brake and jog operation, pumping and advanced protection options.

Visit http://www.aucom.com or contact support@aucom.com for more information.

10.1 Installation with Main Contactor

The EMX3 is installed with a main contactor (AC3 rated). Control voltage must be supplied from the input side of the contactor.

The main contactor is controlled by the EMX3 Main Contactor output, which by default is assigned to Output Relay A (terminals 13, 14).



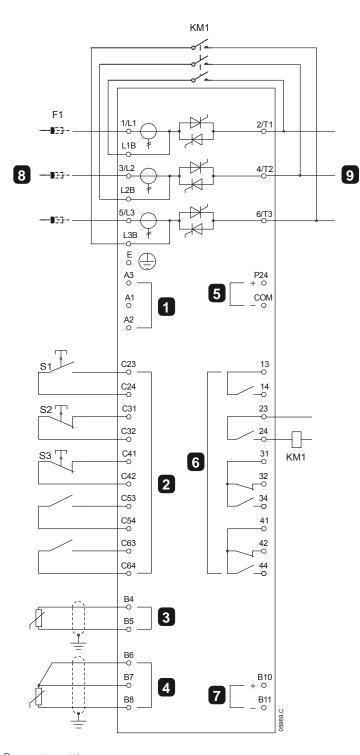
1	Control voltage (model
	dependent)
2	Remote control inputs
3	Motor thermistor input
4	RTD/PT100 input
5	24 VDC output
6	Relay outputs
7	Analog output
8 Three-phase supply	
9	Motor terminals
KMI	Main contactor
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)
SI	Start/stop contact
S2	Reset contact
13, 14	Relay output A
23, 24	Run relay output
31, 32, 34	Relay output B
41, 42, 44	Relay output C

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 7A Relay A Function
 - Select 'Main Contactor' assigns the Main Contactor function to Relay Output A (default setting)

10.2 Installation with External Bypass Contactor

The EMX3 is installed with an external bypass contactor (AC1 rated). The bypass contactor is controlled by the EMX3 Run Output (terminals 23, 24).



I	Control voltage (model dependent)
2	Remote control inputs
3	Motor thermistor input
4	RTD/PT100 input
5	24 VDC output
6	Relay outputs
7	Analog output
8	Three-phase supply
9	Motor terminals
KMI	Bypass contactor (external)
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)
SI	Start contact
S2	Stop contact
S3	Reset contact
13, 14	Relay output A
23, 24	Run relay output
31, 32, 34	Relay output B
41, 42, 44	Relay output C

Parameter settings:

• No special settings required.

10.3 Emergency Run Operation

In normal operation the EMX3 is controlled via a remote two-wire signal (terminals C31, C32).

Emergency Run is controlled by a two-wire circuit connected to Input A (terminals C53, C54). Closing Input A causes the EMX3 to run the motor and ignore certain trip conditions.



NOTE

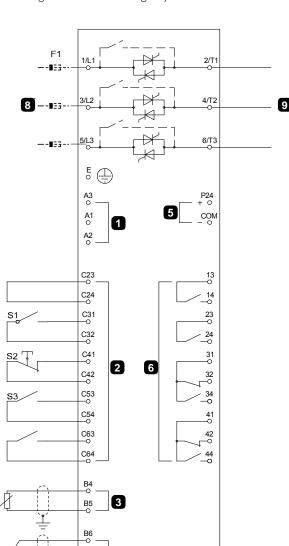
Although the Emergency Run satisfies the functionality requirements of Fire Mode, AuCom does not recommend its use in situations that require testing and/or compliance with specific standards as it is not certified.



CAUTION

Continued use of Emergency Run is not recommended. Emergency Run may compromise the starter life as all protections and trips are disabled.

Using the starter in Emergency Run mode will void the product warranty.



1	Control voltage (model
	dependent)
2	Remote control inputs
3	Motor thermistor input
4	RTD/PT100 input
5	24 VDC output
6	Relay outputs
7	Analog output
8	Three-phase supply
9	Motor terminals
SI	Start/stop contact
S2	Reset contact
S3	Emergency Run Contact
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)
13, 14	Relay output A
23, 24	Run relay output
31, 32, 34	Relay output B
41, 42, 44	Relay output C

Parameter settings:

• Parameter 6A Input A Function

B7 →○ B8

• Select 'Emergency Run' - assigns Input A for Emergency Run function.

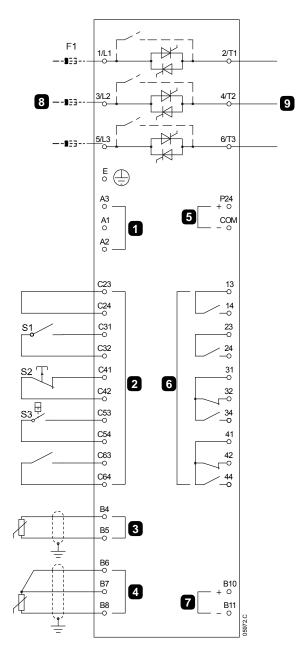
B11

- Parameter 15C Emergency Run
 - Select 'Enable' Enables Emergency Run mode.

10.4 Auxiliary Trip Circuit

In normal operation the EMX3 is controlled via a remote two-wire signal (terminals C31, C32).

Input A (terminals C53, C54) is connected to an external trip circuit (such as a low pressure alarm switch for a pumping system). When the external circuit activates, the soft starter trips, which stops the motor.



1	Control voltage (model
	dependent)
2	Remote control inputs
3	Motor thermistor input
4	RTD/PT100 input
5	24 VDC output
6	Relay outputs
7	Analog output
8	Three-phase supply
9	Motor terminals
SI	Start/stop contact
S2	Reset contact
S3	Auxiliary trip contact
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)
13, 14	Relay output A
23, 24	Run relay output
31, 32, 34	Relay output B
41, 42, 44	Relay output C

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 6A Input A Function
 - Select 'Input Trip (N/O)'. Assigns the Input A to Auxiliary Trip (N/O) function.
- Parameter 6B *Input A Name*
 - Select a name, eg Low Pressure. Assigns a name to Input A.
- Parameter 6C Input A Trip
 - Set as required. For example, 'Run Only' limits the input trip to when the soft starter is running only.
- Parameter 6D Input A Trip Delay
 - Set as required. Sets a delay between the input activating and the soft starter tripping.
- Parameter 6E Input A Initial Delay
 - Set at around 120 seconds. Limits operation of the input trip to 120 seconds after the start signal. This allows time for pressure to build up in the piping before the low pressure input becomes active.

10.5 DC Brake with External Zero Speed Sensor

For loads which may vary between braking cycles, there are benefits in using an external zero-speed sensor to interface with the EMX3 for brake shut-off. This control method ensures that the EMX3 braking will always shut off when the motor has reached a standstill, thus avoiding unnecessary motor heating.

The following schematic diagram shows how you can use a zero-speed sensor with the EMX3 to turn the brake function off at motor standstill. The zero-speed sensor (A2) is often referred to as an under-speed detector. Its internal contact is open at zero-speed and closed at any speed above zero-speed. Once the motor has reached a standstill, the C53, C54 will open and the starter will be disabled. When the next start command is given (ie next application of KA1), C53, C54 closes and the EMX3 is enabled.

The EMX3 must be operated in remote mode and parameter 6A Input A Function must be set to 'Starter Disable'.



CAUTION

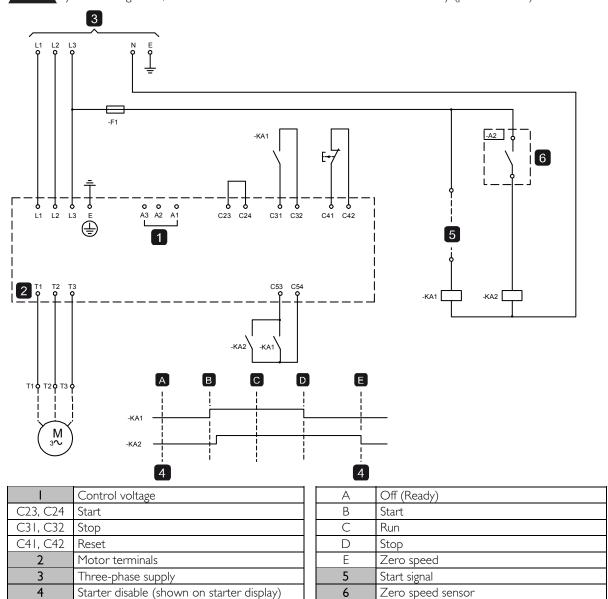
If the brake torque is set too high, the motor will stop before the end of the brake time and the motor will suffer unnecessary heating which could result in damage. Careful configuration is required to ensure safe operation of the starter and motor.

A high brake torque setting can result in peak currents up to motor DOL being drawn while the motor is stopping. Ensure protection fuses installed in the motor branch circuit are selected appropriately.



CAUTION

Brake operation causes the motor to heat faster than the rate calculated by the motor thermal model. If you are using brake, install a motor thermistor or allow sufficient restart delay (parameter 4M).



For details on configuring DC Brake, refer to Brake (page 36).



NOTE

When using DC brake, the mains supply must be connected to the soft starter (input terminals L1, L2, L3) in positive phase sequence and parameter 4G *Phase Sequence* must be set to Positive Only.



CAUTION

If the brake torque is set too high, the motor will stop before the end of the brake time and the motor will suffer unnecessary heating which could result in damage. Careful configuration is required to ensure safe operation of the starter and motor.

A high brake torque setting can result in peak currents up to motor DOL being drawn while the motor is stopping. Ensure protection fuses installed in the motor branch circuit are selected appropriately.

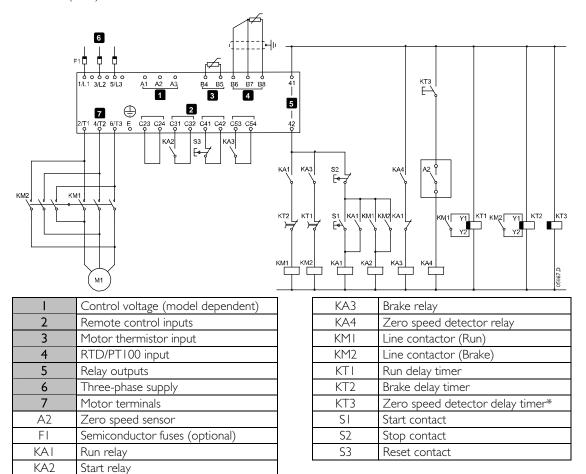
10.6 Soft Braking

For applications with high inertia and/or a variable load, the EMX3 can be configured for soft braking.

In this application the EMX3 is employed with forward run and braking contactors. When the EMX3 receives a start signal (pushbutton S1), it closes the forward run contactor (KM1) and controls the motor according to the programmed primary motor settings.

When the EMX3 receives a stop signal (pushbutton S2), it opens the forward run contactor (KM1) and closes the braking contactor (KM2) after a delay of approximately 2-3 seconds (KT1). KA3 is also closed to activate the secondary motor settings, which should be user programmed for the desired stopping performance characteristics.

When motor speed approaches zero, the zero speed detector (A2) stops the soft starter and opens the braking contactor (KM2).



^{*} The KT3 timer is only required if the zero speed detector is the type that performs a self-test upon power-up and momentarily closes the output relay.

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 6A *Input A Function* (terminals C53, C54)
 - Select 'Motor Set Select' assigns Input A for Motor set selection.
 - Set starting performance characteristics using the primary motor set.
 - Set braking performance characteristics using the secondary motor settings.
- Parameter 7G Relay C Function
 - Select 'Trip' assigns Trip function to Relay Output C.



NOTE

If the EMX3 trips on supply frequency (parameter 16F *Frequency*) when the braking contactor KM2 opens, modify the frequency protection settings.

10.7 Two-Speed Motor

The EMX3 can be configured for control of dual speed Dahlander type motors, using a high speed contactor (KM1), low speed contactor (KM2) and a star contactor (KM3).

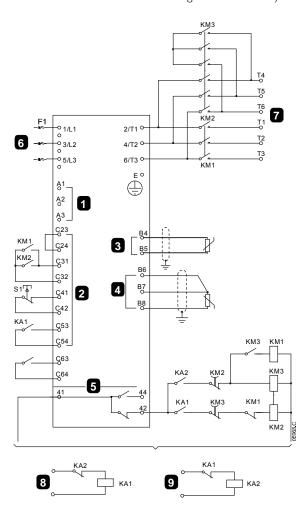


NOTE

Pole Amplitude Modulated (PAM) motors alter the speed by effectively changing the stator frequency using external winding configuration. Soft starters are not suitable for use with this type of two-speed motor.

When the soft starter receives a high speed start signal, it closes the high speed contactor (KM1) and star contactor (KM3), then controls the motor according to the primary motor settings.

When the soft starter receives a low speed start signal, it closes the low speed contactor (KM2). This closes Input A and the EMX3 controls the motor according to the secondary motor settings.



	Control voltage
2	Remote control inputs
3	Motor thermistor input
4	RTD/PT100 input
5	Relay outputs
6	Three-phase supply
7	Motor terminals
8	Remote low speed start input
9	Remote high speed start input
FI	Semiconductor fuses (optional)
KAI	Remote start relay (low speed)
KA2	Remote start relay (high speed)
KMI	Line contactor (high speed)
KM2	Line contactor (low speed)
KM3	Star contactor (high speed)
SI	Reset contact
41, 42, 44	Relay output C



NOTE

Contactors KM2 and KM3 must be mechanically interlocked.

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 6A *Input A Function* (terminals C53, C54)
 - Select 'Motor Set Select' assigns Input A for Motor set selection.
 - Set high speed performance characteristics using the primary motor settings.
 - Set low speed performance characteristics using the secondary motor settings.
- Parameter 7G Relay C Function

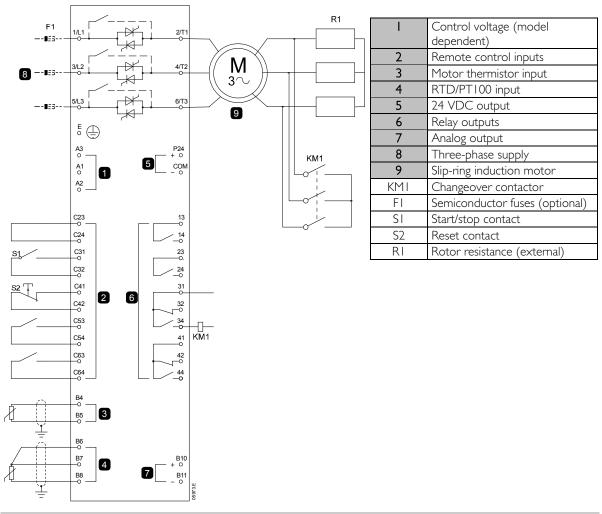


NOTE

If the EMX3 trips on supply frequency (parameter 16F Frequency) when the high-speed start signal (9) is removed, modify the frequency protection settings.

10.8 Slip-Ring Motor

The EMX3 can be used to control a slip-ring motor, using rotor resistance.



Commissioning

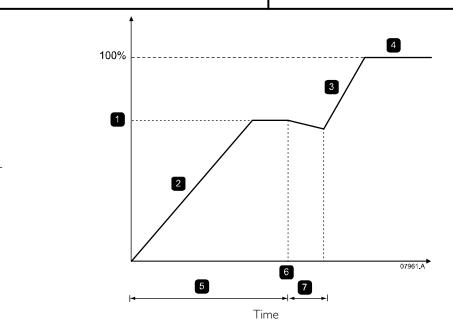
I. Configure the EMX3 as follows:

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 7D Relay B Function
 - Select 'Changeover contactor'
- Parameter 7E Relay B On Delay
 - Set this to the maximum time (5m:00s).
- Parameter I2A Motor Data-I Ramp
 - Select 'Dual Ramp' (for slip-ring induction motor control)
- Parameter I2C Changeover Time
 - Default setting is 150 milliseconds. Set this to a value just greater than the changeover contactor (KMI) pole closing time.
- Parameter I2D Slip Ring Retard
 - Default setting is 50%. Set this parameter to a value which is high enough to cause the motor to instantly accelerate once the rotor resistance (R1) has been bridged out and low enough to avoid a motor current pulse.
- 2. Start the motor under normal load conditions and record the time it takes to reach a constant speed with external rotor resistance (R1) in the circuit. Stop the motor soon after a constant speed has been reached. Change parameter 7E to the recorded time value.
- 3. Start the motor under normal load conditions and monitor the motor speed behaviour and motor current when the changeover contactor (KMI) switches in to short-out the rotor resistance (RI).

 If the motor does not accelerate immediately after changeover, increase the setting of parameter I2D.

 If there is a pulse in motor current immediately after changeover, reduce the setting of parameter I2D.



	R1 constant speed
2	First ramp
3	Second ramp
4	Run mode (I < 120% FLC)

5	Parameter 7E <i>Relay B On Delay</i>
6	KM1 closes
7	Parameter I2C Changeover Time



NOTE

For this installation to function correctly, only use the primary motor settings with constant current start method (parameter 2A *Start Mode*).

TROUBLESHOOTING

II Troubleshooting

II.I Protection Responses

When a protection condition is detected, the EMX3 will write this to the event log and may also trip or issue a warning. The soft starter's response depends on the Protection Action setting (parameter group 16).

Some protection responses cannot be adjusted by the user. These trips are usually caused by external events (such as phase loss) or by a fault within the soft starter. These trips do not have associated parameters and cannot be set to Warn or Log.

If the EMX3 trips you will need to identify and clear the condition that triggered the trip, then reset the soft starter before restarting. To reset the starter, press the **RESET** button on the keypad or activate the Reset remote input.

If the EMX3 has issued a warning, the soft starter will reset itself once the cause of the warning has been resolved.

11.2 Trip Messages

This table lists soft starter's protection mechanisms and the probable cause of the trip. Some of these can be adjusted using parameter group 4 Protection Settings and parameter group 16 Protection Action, other settings are built-in system protections and cannot be set or adjusted.

Display	Possible cause/Suggested solution				
	Identify and resolve the condition which caused Analog Input A to activate.				
Analog input trip	Related parameters: 6N, 6O, 6P				
Awaiting data	The keypad is not receiving data from the control PCB. Check the cable connection and the				
Trinarang data	fitting of the display on the starter.				
Battery/clock	A verification error has occurred on the real time clock, or the backup battery voltage is low. If the battery is low and the power is off, date/time settings will be lost. Reprogram the				
	date and time.				
	Related parameters: 16M				
Controller	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.				
Current imbalance	Current imbalance can be caused by problems with the motor, the environment or the installation, such as:				
	An imbalance in the incoming mains voltage				
	A problem with the motor windings				
	A light load on the motor				
	A phase loss on input terminals L1, L2 or L3 during Run mode				
	An SCR that has failed open circuit. A failed SCR can only be definitely diagnosed by				
	replacing the SCR and checking the starter's performance.				
	Related parameters: 4H, 4I, 16E				
Current Read Err Lx Where 'X' is 1, 2 or 3.					
	Internal fault (PCB fault). The output from the CT circuit is not close enough to zero when				
	the SCRs are turned off. Contact your local supplier for advice. This trip is not adjustable. Related parameters: None				
Excess start time	Excess start time trip can occur in the following conditions:				
Lucess start tille	parameter I A <i>Motor Full Load Current</i> is not appropriate for the motor				
	parameter 2D <i>Current Limit</i> has been set too low				
	 parameter 2B Start Ramp Time has been set greater than the setting for 4A Excess Start 				
	Time setting				
	parameter 2B Start Ramp Time is set too short for a high inertia load when using				
	Adaptive Control				
	Related parameters: 1A, 2B, 2D, 4A, 4B, 9B, 10B, 10D, 16B				
Firing Fail Px	Where 'X' is phase 1, 2 or 3.				
Ť	The SCR did not fire as expected. The SCR may be faulty or there may be an internal wiring				
	fault.				
	This trip is not adjustable.				
	Related parameters: None				

Display	Possible cause/Suggested solution			
FLC too high (FLC out	This trip is not adjustable.			
of range)	The EMX3 can support higher motor full load current values when connected to the motor			
	using inside delta configuration rather than in-line connection. If the soft starter is connected in-line but the programmed setting for parameter IA <i>Motor Full Load Current</i> is			
	above the in-line maximum, the soft starter will trip at start (see <i>Minimum and Maximum</i>			
	Current Settings on page 81).			
	If the soft starter is connected to the motor using inside delta configuration, the soft starter			
	may not be correctly detecting the connection. Contact your local supplier for advice.			
	Related parameters: I A, 9B			
Frequency (Mains	This trip is not adjustable.			
supply)	The mains frequency has gone beyond the specified range.			
39PP-97	Check for other equipment in the area that could be affecting the mains supply, particularly			
	variable speed drives and switch mode power supplies (SMPS).			
	If the EMX3 is connected to a generator set supply, the generator may be too small or could			
	have a speed regulation problem.			
	Related parameters: 4J, 4K, 4L, 16F			
Ground fault	This fault only occurs if the RTD/Ground Fault card is fitted. Test the insulation of the			
	output cables and the motor. Identify and resolve the cause of any ground fault.			
	Related parameters: 4O, 4P, 16N			
Heatsink	Check if cooling fans are operating. If mounted in an enclosure, check if ventilation is			
overtemperature	adequate.			
	Fans operate during Start, Run and for 10 minutes after the starter exits the Stop state.			
	▲ NOTE			
	Models EMX3-0023B to EMX3-0053B and EMX3-0170B do not have a cooling			
	fan. Models with fans will operate the cooling fans from a Start until 10 minutes			
	after a Stop.			
	Related parameters: 16L			
High Level	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
High Pressure	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
Input trip	One of the soft starter's inputs is set to a trip function and has activated. Check the status			
inpac crip	of the inputs to identify which input has activated, then resolve the trigger condition.			
	Related parameters: 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G, 6H, 6I, 6J, 16G, 16H			
Instantaneous	The EMX3 will report this trip if one of the following conditions occur:			
overcurrent	The motor has experienced a sharp rise in power. Causes can include a momentary			
	overload condition which has exceeded the adjustable delay time.			
	Related parameters: 2U, 2V, 16D			
	Current to the motor has exceeded the soft starter's built-in trip points:			
	7.2 times the parameter I A Motor Full Load Current			
	6 times the starter's nominal current rating			
	Causes can include a locked rotor condition or an electrical fault in the motor or cabling.			
	This trip is not adjustable.			
	Related parameters: None			
Internal fault X	This trip is not adjustable.			
	The EMX3 has tripped on an internal fault. Contact your local supplier with the fault code			
	(X). Related parameters: None			
L1 phase loss	This trip is not adjustable.			
	During pre-start checks the starter has detected a phase loss as indicated.			
L2 phase loss	In run state, the starter has detected that the current on the affected phase has dropped			
L3 phase loss	below 3.3% of the programmed motor FLC for more than I second, indicating that either			
	the incoming phase or connection to the motor has been lost.			
	Check the supply and the input and output connections at the starter and at the motor end.			
	Phase loss can also be caused by a failed SCR, particularly an SCR that has failed open circuit.			
	A failed SCR can only be definitely diagnosed by replacing the SCR and checking the starter's			
	performance.			
	Related parameters: None			
L1-T1 shorted	During pre-start checks the starter has detected a shorted SCR or a short within the bypass			
L2-T2 shorted	contactor as indicated. If the starter is connected in-line with the motor, consider using			
L3-T3 shorted	PowerThrough to allow operation until the starter can be repaired.			
-	·			

Display	Possible cause/Suggested solution				
	▲ NOTE				
	PowerThrough is only available with in-line installations. If the starter is installed inside delta, PowerThrough will not operate.				
	The starter will trip on Lx-Tx Shorted on the first start attempt after control power is applied. PowerThrough will not operate if control power is cycled between starts.				
	Related parameters: I5D				
Low Control Volts	 The EMX3 has detected a drop in the control voltage. Check the external control supply (terminals A1, A2, A3) and reset the starter. If the external control supply is stable: the 24 V supply on the main control PCB may be faulty; or the bypass driver PCB may be faulty (internally bypassed models only). Contact your local supplier for advice. 				
	This protection is not active in Ready state. Related parameters: I6X				
Low Level	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.				
Low Pressure	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.				
Motor overload (thermal model)	The motor has reached its maximum thermal capacity. Overload can be caused by: The soft starter protection settings not matching the motor thermal capacity Excessive starts per hour Excessive throughput				
	Damage to the motor windings Resolve the cause of the overload and allow the motor to cool. Related parameters: IA, IB, IC, ID, I6A NOTE				
	Parameters IB, IC and ID determine the trip current for motor overload protection. The default settings of parameters IB, IC and ID provide Motor Overload Protection: Class I0, Trip Current I05% of FLA or equivalent.				
Motor 2 overload	Refer to 'Motor overload (thermal model)'. NOTE Applicable only if the second motor set has been programmed. Related parameters: 9A, 9B, 9C, 9D, 9E, 16A				
Motor Connection Tx	Where 'X' is 1, 2 or 3. The motor is not connected correctly to the soft starter for in-line or inside delta use. • Check individual motor connections to the soft starter for power circuit continuity. • Check connections at the motor terminal box. This trip is not adjustable. Related parameters: None				
Motor thermistor	 The motor thermistor input has been enabled and: The resistance at the thermistor input has exceeded 3.6 kΩ for more than one second. The motor winding has overheated. Identify the cause of the overheating and allow the motor to cool before restarting. The motor thermistor input has been opened. NOTE If a valid motor thermistor is no longer used, a 1.2 kΩ resistor must be fitted across terminals B4, B5. Related parameters: 16I 				
Network communication (between module and network)	The network master has sent a trip command to the starter, or there may be a network communication problem. Check the network for causes of communication inactivity. Related parameters: 16K				
No Flow	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.				
Not ready	Check Input A (C53, C54). The starter may be disabled via a programmable input. If parameter 6A or 6F is set to Starter Disable and there is an open circuit on the corresponding input, the EMX3 will not start.				

Display	Possible cause/Suggested solution			
Parameter out of	This trip is not adjustable.			
Range	A parameter value is outside the valid range.			
-	The keypad will indicate the first invalid parameter.			
	An error occurred loading data from the EEPROM to RAM when the keypad powered			
	up.			
	• The parameter set or values in the keypad do not match the parameters in the starter.			
	"Load User Set" has been selected but no saved file is available.			
	Reset the fault. The starter will load the default settings. If the problem persists, contact			
	your local distributor.			
	Related parameters: None			
Phase sequence	The phase sequence on the soft starter's input terminals (L1, L2, L3) is not valid.			
•	Check the phase sequence on L1, L2, L3 and ensure the setting in parameter 4G is suitable			
	for the installation.			
	Related parameters: 4G			
PLC	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
Power loss / Power	This trip is not adjustable.			
circuit	The starter is not receiving mains supply on one or more phases when a Start Command is			
	given.			
	Check that the main contactor closes when a start command is given, and remains closed			
	until the end of a soft stop. Check the fuses. If testing the soft starter with a small motor,			
	it must draw at least 2% of its minimum FLC setting on each phase.			
	Related parameters: None			
Pump Fault	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
RTD A	The RTD/PT100 set temperature has been exceeded and tripped the soft starter. Identify			
overtemperature	and resolve the condition which caused the appropriate input to activate.			
to	▲ NOTE			
RTDG	PT100 B to PT100 G are applicable only if a RTD/PT100 and Ground Fault card			
overtemperature	is fitted.			
over terriperature				
	Related parameters: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, 60 ~ 6U			
RTD circuit fail	Indicates that the indicated RTD/PT100 has short circuited. Check and resolve this condition.			
	Related parameters: None.			
Starter	• There is a problem with the connection between the soft starter and the optional			
communication	communications module. Remove and reinstall the module. If the problem persists,			
(between module and	contact your local distributor.			
soft starter)	There is an internal communications error within the soft starter. Contact your local			
	distributor.			
Otantan Disable	Related parameters: [6]			
Starter Disable	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
Thermistor circuit	The thermistor input has been enabled and:			
	• The resistance at the input has fallen below 20 Ω (the cold resistance of most			
	thermistors will be over this value) or			
	A short circuit has occurred. Check and resolve this condition.			
_ .	Related parameters: None			
Time-overcurrent	The EMX3 is internally bypassed and has drawn high current during running. (The IOA			
	protection curve trip has been reached or the motor current has risen to 600% of the motor FLC setting.)			
	Related parameters: None			
Undercurrent	The motor has experienced a sharp drop in current, caused by loss of load. Causes can			
onuercurrent	include broken components (shafts, belts or couplings), or a pump running dry.			
	Related parameters: 4C, 4D, 16C			
Unsupported option	This trip is not adjustable.			
(function not	The selected function is not available (eg jog is not supported in inside delta configuration).			
available in inside	Related parameters: None			
_				
delta)				
Vibration Alarm	This is a name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input trip.			
VZC Fail Px	Where 'X' is 1, 2 or 3.			
	Internal fault (PCB fault). Contact your local supplier for advice.			
	This trip is not adjustable.			
	Related parameters: None			

11.3 General Faults

This table describes situations where the soft starter does not operate as expected but does not trip or give a warning.

Symptom	Probable Cause
Starter "Not Ready"	Check Input A (C53, C54). The starter may be disabled via a programmable input. If parameter 6A or 6F is set to Starter Disable and there is an open circuit on the corresponding input, the EMX3 will not start.
The soft starter does not respond to the START or RESET button on the keypad.	The soft starter may be in Remote control mode. When the soft starter is in Remote control mode, the Local LED on the starter is off. Press the LCL/RMT button once to change to Local control.
The soft starter does not respond to commands from the control inputs.	The soft starter may be in Local control mode. When the soft starter is in Local control mode, the Local LED on the starter is on. Press the LCL/RMT button once to change to Remote control.
	• The control wiring may be incorrect. Check that the remote start, stop and reset inputs are configured correctly (refer to <i>Control Wiring</i> on page 8 for details).
	The signals to the remote inputs may be incorrect. Test the signalling by activating each input signal in turn. The appropriate remote control input LED should activate on the starter.
The soft starter does not respond to a start command from either the local or remote controls.	 The soft starter may be waiting for the restart delay to elapse. The length of the restart delay is controlled by parameter 4M Restart Delay. The motor may be too hot to permit a start. If parameter 4N Motor Temperature Check is set to Check, the soft starter will only permit a start when it calculates that the motor has sufficient thermal capacity to
	 complete the start successfully. Wait for the motor to cool before attempting another start. The starter may be disabled via a programmable input. If parameter 6A or 6F is set to Starter Disable and there is an open circuit on the corresponding input, the EMX3 will not start. If there is no further need to disable the starter, close the circuit on the input.
	Parameter 6Q <i>Local/Remote</i> controls when the LCL/RMT button is enabled.
A reset does not occur after an Auto-Reset, when using a remote two-wire control.	The remote 2-wire start signal must be removed and reapplied for a re-start.
Remote start/stop command is overriding Auto Start/Stop settings when using remote two-wire control.	Auto Start/Stop should only be used in Remote mode with three-wire or four-wire control.
Non-resettable Thermistor Cct trip, when there is a link between the thermistor input B4, B5 or when the motor thermistor connected between B4, B5 is permanently removed.	 The thermistor input is enabled once a link is fitted and short circuit protection has activated. Remove the link then load the default parameter set. This will disable the thermistor input and clear the trip. Place a 1k2 Ω resistor across the thermistor input. Turn thermistor protection to 'Log only' (parameter 16l).
The soft starter does not control the motor correctly during starting.	Start performance may be unstable when using a low Motor Full Load Current setting (parameter IA). This can affect use on a small test motor with full load current between 5 A and 50 A.
	Power factor correction (PFC) capacitors must be installed on the supply side of the soft starter. To control a dedicated PFC capacitor contactor, connect the contactor to run relay terminals.
Motor does not reach full speed.	If the start current is too low, the motor will not produce enough torque to accelerate to full speed. The soft starter may trip on excess start time. NOTE Make sure the motor starting parameters are appropriate for the application and that you are using the intended motor starting profile. If parameter 6A or 6F is set to Motor Set Select, check that the corresponding input is in the expected state. The load may be jammed. Check the load for severe overloading or a locked rotor situation.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Probable Cause
Erratic motor operation.	• The SCRs in the EMX3 require at least 5 A of current to latch. If you are testing the soft starter on a motor with full load current less than 5 A, the SCRs may not latch correctly.
Erratic and noisy motor operation.	If the soft starter is connected to the motor using inside delta configuration, the soft starter may not be correctly detecting the connection. Contact your local supplier for advice.
Soft stop ends too quickly.	 The soft stop settings may not be appropriate for the motor and load. Review the settings of parameters 2H, 2I, 10H and 10I. If the motor is very lightly loaded, soft stop will have limited effect.
Adaptive Control, brake, jog and PowerThrough functions not working.	These features are only available with in-line installation. If the EMX3 is installed inside delta, these features will not operate.
After selecting Adaptive Control the motor used an ordinary start and/or the second start was different to the first.	The first Adaptive Control start is actually 'Constant Current' so that the starter can learn from the motor characteristics. Subsequent starts use Adaptive Control.
PowerThrough does not operate when selected.	The starter will trip on Lx-Tx Shorted on the first start attempt after control power is applied. PowerThrough will not operate if control power is cycled between starts.
Starter "awaiting data"	The keypad is not receiving data from the control PCB. Check the cable connection and the fitting of the display on the starter.
Corrupted text shown on keypad display.	The keypad may not be screwed down, resulting in an intermittent connection. Screw down the keypad or hold squarely in place.
Display is distorted	Check that the keypad has not been screwed down too tightly. Loosen screws slightly.
Parameter settings cannot be stored.	Make sure you are saving the new value by pressing the STORE button after adjusting a parameter setting. If you press EXIT, the change will not be saved.
	• Check that the adjustment lock (parameter 15B) is set to <i>Read & Write</i> . If the adjustment lock is set to <i>Read Only</i> , settings can be viewed but not changed. You need to know the security access code to change the adjustment lock setting.
	The EEPROM may be faulty on the keypad. A faulty EEPROM will also trip the soft starter, and the keypad will display the message Parameter out of Range. Contact your local supplier for advice.
ATTENTION! Remove Mains Volts	The soft starter will not activate Run Simulation with three-phase power connected. This prevents unintentional direct on-line (DOL) start.

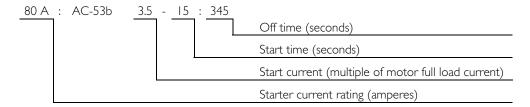
12 Appendix

12.1 Specifications

C = non-bypassed (continuous connection)

Nominal current rating

Current Ratings for Bypass Operation





NOTE

Models EMX3-0255C, EMX3-0360C, EMX3-0380C, EMX3-0430C, EMX3-0620C, EMX3-0650C, EMX3-0790C, EMX3-0930C, EMX3-1200C, EMX3-1410C, EMX3-1600C must be externally bypassed.

In-line connection

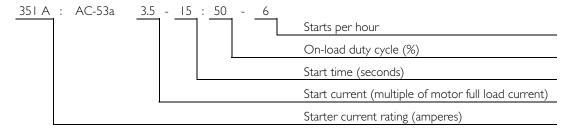
	AC53b 3.0-10:350 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 3.5-15:345 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 4.0-20:340 40 °C < 1000 metres	AC53b 4.5-30:330 40 °C <1000 metres
EMX3-0023B	23 A	20 A	17 A	15 A
EMX3-0043B	43 A	37 A	31 A	26 A
EMX3-0050B	50 A	44 A	37 A	30 A
EMX3-0053B	53 A	53 A	46 A	37 A
	AC53b 3.0-10:590 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 3.5-15:585 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 4.0-20:580 40 °C < 1000 metres	AC53b 4.5-30:570 40 °C <1000 metres
EMX3-0076B	76 A	64 A	55 A	47 A
EMX3-0097B	97 A	82 A	69 A	58 A
EMX3-0100B	100 A	88 A	74 A	61 A
EMX3-0105B	105 A	105 A	95 A	78 A
EMX3-0145B	145 A	123 A	106 A	90 A
EMX3-0170B	170 A	145 A	121 A	97 A
EMX3-0200B	200 A	189 A	160 A	134 A
EMX3-0220B	220 A	210 A	178 A	148 A
EMX3-0255B	255 A	231 A	201 A	176 A
EMX3-0255C	255 A	231 A	201 A	176 A
EMX3-0350B	350 A	329 A	284 A	244 A
EMX3-0360C	360 A	360 A	310 A	263 A
EMX3-0380C	380 A	380 A	359 A	299 A

EMX3-0425B	425 A	411 A	355 A	305 A
EMX3-0430C	430 A	430 A	368 A	309 A
EMX3-0500B	500 A	445 A	383 A	326 A
EMX3-0580B	580 A	492 A	425 A	364 A
EMX3-0620C	620 A	620 A	540 A	434 A
EMX3-0650C	650 A	650 A	561 A	455 A
EMX3-0700B	700 A	592 A	512 A	438 A
EMX3-0790C	790 A	790 A	714 A	579 A
EMX3-0820B	820 A	705 A	606 A	516 A
EMX3-0920B	920 A	804 A	684 A	571 A
EMX3-0930C	930 A	930 A	829 A	661 A
EMX3-1000B	1000 A	936 A	796 A	664 A
EMX3-1200C	1200 A	1200 A	1200 A	1071 A
EMX3-1410C	1410 A	1410 A	1319 A	1114 A
EMX3-1600C	1600 A	1600 A	1600 A	1353 A

Inside delta connection

	AC53b 3.0-10:350 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 3.5-15:345 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 4.0-20:340 40 °C < 1000 metres	AC53b 4.5-30:330 40 °C <1000 metres
EMX3-0023B	34 A	30 A	26 A	22 A
EMX3-0043B	64 A	59 A	51 A	44 A
EMX3-0050B	75 A	66 A	55 A	45 A
EMX3-0053B	79 A	79 A	69 A	55 A
	AC53b 3.0-10:590 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 3.5-15:585 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 4.0-20:580 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53b 4.5-30:570 40 °C <1000 metres
EMX3-0076B	114 A	96 A	83 A	70 A
EMX3-0097B	145 A	123 A	104 A	87 A
EMX3-0100B	150 A	132 A	112 A	92 A
EMX3-0105B	157 A	157 A	143 A	117 A
EMX3-0145B	218 A	184 A	159 A	136 A
EMX3-0170B	255 A	217 A	181 A	146 A
EMX3-0200B	300 A	283 A	241 A	200 A
EMX3-0220B	330 A	315 A	268 A	223 A
EMX3-0255B	382 A	346 A	302 A	264 A
EMX3-0255C	382 A	346 A	302 A	264 A
EMX3-0350B	525 A	494 A	427 A	366 A
EMX3-0360C	540 A	540 A	465 A	395 A
EMX3-0380C	570 A	570 A	539 A	449 A
EMX3-0425B	638 A	617 A	533 A	458 A
EMX3-0430C	645 A	645 A	552 A	464 A
EMX3-0500B	750 A	668 A	575 A	490 A
EMX3-0580B	870 A	738 A	637 A	546 A
EMX3-0620C	930 A	930 A	810 A	65 I A
EMX3-0650C	975 A	975 A	842 A	683 A
EMX3-0700B	1050 A	889 A	768 A	658 A
EMX3-0790C	1185 A	1185 A	1071 A	868 A
EMX3-0820B	1230 A	1058 A	910 A	774 A
EMX3-0920B	1380 A	1206 A	1026 A	857 A
EMX3-0930C	1395 A	1395 A	1244 A	992 A
EMX3-1000B	1500 A	1404 A	1194 A	997 A
EMX3-1200C	1800 A	1800 A	1800 A	1606 A
EMX3-1410C	2115 A	2115 A	1979 A	1671 A
EMX3-1600C	2400 A	2400 A	2400 A	2030 A

Current Ratings for Continuous Operation (Not bypassed)



In-line connection

	AC53a 3-10:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 3.5-15:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 4-20:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 4.5-30:50-6 40 °C < 1000 metres
EMX3-0255C	255 A	222 A	195 A	171 A
EMX3-0360C	360 A	351 A	303 A	259 A
EMX3-0380C	380 A	380 A	348 A	292 A
EMX3-0430C	430 A	413 A	355 A	301 A
EMX3-0620C	620 A	614 A	515 A	419 A
EMX3-0650C	650 A	629 A	532 A	437 A
EMX3-0790C	790 A	790 A	694 A	567 A
EMX3-0930C	930 A	930 A	800 A	644 A
EMX3-1200C	1200 A	1200 A	1135 A	983 A
EMX3-1410C	1410 A	1355 A	1187 A	1023 A
EMX3-1600C	1600 A	1600 A	1433 A	1227 A

Inside delta connection

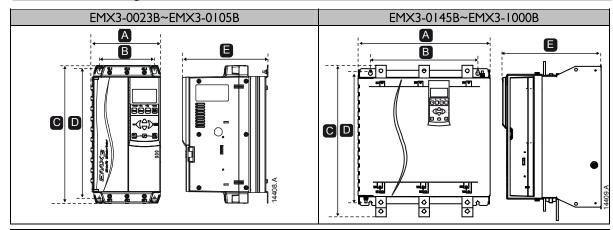
	AC53a 3-10:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 3.5-15:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 4-20:50-6 40 °C <1000 metres	AC53a 4.5-30:50-6 40 °C < 1000 metres
EMX3-0255C	382 A	334 A	293 A	257 A
EMX3-0360C	540 A	527 A	455 A	388 A
EMX3-0380C	570 A	570 A	522 A	437 A
EMX3-0430C	645 A	620 A	533 A	451 A
EMX3-0620C	930 A	920 A	773 A	628 A
EMX3-0650C	975 A	943 A	798 A	656 A
EMX3-0790C	1185 A	1185 A	1041 A	850 A
EMX3-0930C	1395 A	1395 A	1200 A	966 A
EMX3-1200C	1800 A	1800 A	1702 A	1474 A
EMX3-1410C	2115 A	2033 A	1780 A	1535 A
EMX3-1600C	2400 A	2400 A	2149 A	1840 A

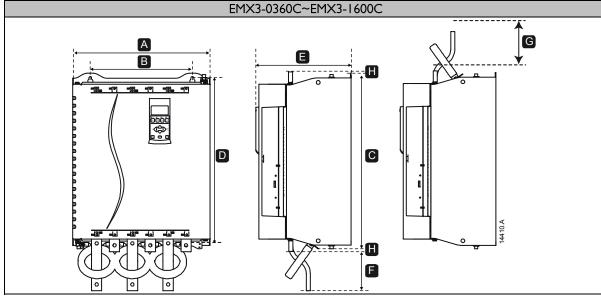
Minimum and Maximum Current Settings

The EMX3's minimum and maximum full load current settings depend on the model:

	In-line connection		Inside delta connection		
Model	Minimum Maximum		Minimum	Maximum	
EMX3-0023B	5 A	23 A	5 A	34 A	
EMX3-0043B	9 A	43 A	9 A	64 A	
EMX3-0050B	10 A	50 A	10 A	75 A	
EMX3-0053B	II A	53 A	ΠA	79 A	
EMX3-0076B	15 A	76 A	15 A	114 A	
EMX3-0097B	19 A	97 A	19 A	145 A	
EMX3-0100B	20 A	100 A	20 A	150 A	
EMX3-0105B	21 A	105 A	21 A	157 A	
EMX3-0145B	29 A	145 A	29 A	217 A	
EMX3-0170B	34 A	170 A	34 A	255 A	
EMX3-0200B	40 A	200 A	40 A	300 A	
EMX3-0220B	44 A	220 A	44 A	330 A	
EMX3-0255B	51 A	255 A	51 A	382 A	
EMX3-0255C	51 A	255 A	51 A	382 A	
EMX3-0350B	70 A	350 A	70 A	525 A	
EMX3-0360C	72 A	360 A	72 A	540 A	
EMX3-0380C	76 A	380 A	76 A	570 A	
EMX3-0425B	85 A	425 A	85 A	638 A	
EMX3-0430C	86 A	430 A	86 A	645 A	
EMX3-0500B	100 A	500 A	100 A	750 A	
EMX3-0580B	116 A	580 A	116 A	870 A	
EMX3-0620C	124 A	620 A	124 A	930 A	
EMX3-0650C	130 A	650 A	130 A	975 A	
EMX3-0700B	140 A	700 A	140 A	1050 A	
EMX3-0790C	158 A	790 A	158 A	1185 A	
EMX3-0820B	164 A	820 A	164 A	1230 A	
EMX3-0920B	184 A	920 A	184 A	1380 A	
EMX3-0930C	186 A	930 A	186 A	1395 A	
EMX3-1000B	200 A	1000 A	200 A	1500 A	
EMX3-1200C	240 A	1200 A	240 A	1800 A	
EMX3-1410C	282 A	1410 A	282 A	2115 A	
EMX3-1600C	320 A	1600 A	320 A	2400 A	

Dimensions and Weights





APPENDIX

Model	A mm (inch)	B mm (inch)	C mm (inch)	D mm (inch)	E mm (inch)	F mm (inch)	G mm (inch)	H mm (inch)	Weight kg (lb)
EMX3-0023B EMX3-0043B EMX3-0050B EMX3-0053B EMX3-0076B	156 (6.2)	124 (4.9)	295 (11.6)	278 (10.9)	192 (7.6)	n/a	n/a	n/a	3.2 (7.1) 3.5 (7.2)
EMX3-0097B EMX3-0100B EMX3-0105B					223 (8.8)				4.8 (10.6)
EMX3-0145B EMX3-0170B EMX3-0200B EMX3-0220B	282 (II.I)	250 (9.8)	438 (17.2)	380 (15.0)	250 (9.8)	n/a	n/a	n/a	16 (35.3)
EMX3-0255B EMX3-0350B EMX3-0425B	424 (16.5)	376 (14.8)	440 (17.3)	392 (15.4)	298 (11.7)	n/a	n/a	n/a	26 (57.2) 30.2 (66.58)
EMX3-0500B EMX3-0580B EMX3-0700B EMX3-0820B EMX3-0920B EMX3-1000B	433 (17.06)	320 (12.60)	640 (25.20)	600 (23.62)	297 (11.68)	n/a	n/a	n/a	49.5 (109.13) 60.0 (132.3)
EMX3-0255C	390 (15.4)	320 (12.6)	417 (16.4)	400 (15.8)	284 (11.2)	n/a	n/a	n/a	25 (55.1)
EMX3-0360C EMX3-0380C EMX3-0430C	430	320	698	522	302	104.5	104.5	5.5	50.5 (111.3)
EMX3-0620C EMX3-0650C EMX3-0790C EMX3-0930C	(16.9)	(12.6)	(27.1)	(20.6)	(11.9)	(4.1)	(4.1)	(0.2)	53.5 (118.0)
EMX3-1200C EMX3-1410C EMX3-1600C	574 (22.6)	500 (19.7)	750 (29.5)	727 (28.6)	361 (14.2)	132.5 (5.2)	129 (5.1)	5 (0.2)	140 (308.7)

Specifications

• Supply	
Mains voltage (L1, L2, L3)	
	200 VAC ~ 440 VAC (± 10%)
	380 VAC ~ 600 VAC (± 10%)
	380 VAC \sim 690 VAC (\pm 10%) (earthed star supply system only)
Control voltage (A1, A2, A3)	
	220 ~ 440 VAC (+ 10% / -15%), 600mA
	24 VAC/VDC (± 20%), 100VA
	45 Hz ~ 66 Hz
	4 kV
	Bypassed or continuous, semiconductor motor starter form 1
· ·	bypassed of continuous, semiconductor motor starter form i
Short circuit capability	T. 2
	Type I
	prospective current 65 kA
	prospective current 85 kA prospective current 85 kA
	prospective current 100 kA
	·
Electromagnetic capability (compliant with E	U Directive 89/336/EEC)
EMC Emissions	
EMX3-0023B to EMX3-0220B	IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No Specification
	IEC 60947-4-2 Class A and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification
EMC Immunity	IEC 60947-4-2
• Inputs	
	Active 24 VDC, 8 mA approx
	Normally Open
	Normally Closed
Reset (C41, C42)	Normally Closed
Programmable inputs	
	Normally Open
	Normally Open
, ,	Trip >3.6 k Ω , reset <1.6k Ω
P1100 R1D (B6, B7, B8) Accuracy	0 ~ 100 °C ± 0.5 °C, 100 °C ~ 150 °C ± 2 °C, -20 ~ 0 °C ± 2°C
• Outputs	
Relay outputs	
Run relay (23, 24)	Normally Open
Programmable outputs	
	Normally Open
	Changeover
9 , , ,	0-20 mA or 4-20 mA (selectable)
,	± 5%
24 VDC output (P24, COM)	200 4
Accuracy	± 10%

Environmental

Protection EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0105B EMX3-0145B ~ EMX3-1000B and EMX3-0255C ~ EMX3-1600C Keypad (when installed with remote mounting kit) Operating temperature	IP00 IP65 & NEMA12 -10 °C to 60 °C, above 40 °C with derating -25 °C to + 60 °C -0 - 1000 m, above 1000 m with derating 5% to 95% Relative Humidity Pollution Degree 3
Heat Dissipation	
During Start	4.5 watts per ampere
EMX3-0145B ~ EMX3-0220B EMX3-0255B ~ EMX3-0500B EMX3-0580B ~ EMX3-1000B EMX3-0255C ~ EMX3-0930C	≤ 39 watts approx ≤ 51 watts approx ≤ 120 watts approx ≤ 140 watts approx ≤ 357 watts approx 4.5 watts per ampere approx 4.5 watts per ampere approx
Certification	
UL / C-UL EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0105B EMX3-0145B ~ EMX3-0220B EMX3-0700B ~ EMX3-1000B EMX3-0255C ~ EMX3-1600C CE CCC C✓ Marine RoHS	IP20 & NEMA I, UL Indoor Type I IP00, UL Indoor Open Type IEC 60947-4-2 IEC 60947-4-2 ILloyds Marine No I Specification
Operational life (internal bypass contacts)	
EMX3-0023B ~ EMX3-0105B EMX3-0145B ~ EMX3-1000B	



WARNING
EMX3-0220B~EMX3-1000B: The contacts on the internal bypass contactors should be checked for wear after the stated number of operations. Periodic servicing/replacements may be required.

12.2 Accessories

Communication Interfaces

EMX3 soft starters support network communication via easy-to-install communications interfaces. Each soft starter can support one communications interface at a time.

Available protocols:

Ethernet (Profinet, Modbus TCP, Ethernet IP), Profibus, DeviceNet, Modbus RTU, and USB.

Hardware Expansion Cards

The EMX3 offers hardware expansion cards for users requiring additional inputs and outputs or advanced functionality. Each EMX3 can support a maximum of one expansion card.

Input/Output

The input/output expansion card provides the following additional inputs and outputs:

- 2 x digital inputs
- 3 x output relays
- I x analog input
- I x analog output

• RTD/Ground Fault

The RTD/PTI00 and ground fault protection card provides the following additional inputs:

- 6 x PT100 RTD inputs
- I x ground fault input

To use ground fault protection a 1000:1, 5 VA current transformer is also required.

Finger Guard Kit

Finger guards may be specified for personnel safety. Finger guards fit over the soft starter terminals to prevent accidental contact with live terminals. Finger guards provide IP20 protection when correctly installed.



NOTE

Finger guards can be used on soft starter models EMX3-0145B~EMX3-1000B (internally bypassed models only). Different kits are required for different models.

Keypad Mounting Kit

The keypad mounting kit allows remote mounting of the keypad up to 3 m away from the soft starter. Different kits are available with two or three metre cables.

PC Software

WinMaster PC software provides monitoring, programming and control of up to 99 soft starters.

A Modbus or USB communication module is required for each starter to use WinMaster.

12.3 Parameter Values

If you require assistance from your supplier or a service technician, please note all parameter settings in the table below.

1	Motor Data-I	User Set 1	User Set 2
IA	Motor Full Load Current	0301 301 1	OSCI SCI Z
IB	Locked Rotor Time		
IC	Locked Rotor Current		
ID	Motor Service Factor		
2	Start/Stop Modes-I		
2A	Start Mode		
2B	Start Ramp Time		
2C	Initial Current		
2D	Current Limit		
2E	Adaptive Start Profile		
2F	Kickstart Time		
2G	Kickstart Level		
2H	Stop Mode		
21	Stop Time		
2J	Adaptive Stop Profile		
2K	Adaptive Control Gain		
2L	Brake Torque		
2M	Brake Time		
3	Auto-Start/Stop		
3A	Auto-Start Type		
3B	Auto-Start Time		
3C	Auto-Stop Type		
3D	Auto-Stop Time		
4	Protection Settings		
4A	Excess Start Time		
4B	Excess Start Time-2		
4C	Undercurrent		
4D	Undercurrent Delay		
4E	Instantaneous Overcurrent		
4F	Instantaneous Overcurrent Delayl		
4G	Phase Sequence		
4H	Current Imbalance		
41	Current Imbalance Delay		
4J	Frequency Check		
4K	Frequency Variation		
4L	Frequency Delay		
4M	Restart Delay		
4N	Motor Temperature Check		
40	Ground Fault Level		
4P	Ground Fault Delay		
4Q	Reserved		
4R	Reserved		
4S	Reserved		
4T	Reserved		
5	Auto-Reset Trips		
5A	Auto-Reset Action		
5B	Maximum Resets		
5C	Reset Delay Groups A&B		
5D	Reset Delay Group C		
6	Inputs		
6A	Input A Function		
6B	Input A Name		
6C	Input A Trip		
6D	Input A Trip Delay		
UD.	inpact trip Delay		

	•	
6E	Input A Initial Delay	
6F	Input B Function	
6G	Input B Name	
6H	Input B Trip	
61	Input B Trip Delay	
6]	Input B Initial Delay	
6K	Input C Function	
6L	Input D Function	
6M	Remote Reset Logic	
6N	Analog Input Trip	
60	Analog Input Scale	
6P	Analog Trip Point	
6Q	Local/Remote	
6R	Comms in Remote	
7	Outputs	
7A	Relay A Function	
7B	Relay A On Delay	
7C	Relay A Off Delay	
7D	Relay B Function	
7E	Relay B On Delay	
7F	Relay B Off Delay	
7G	Relay C Function	
7H	Relay C On Delay	
71	Relay C Off Delay	
7J	Relay D Function	
7K	Relay E Function	
7L	Relay F Function	
7M	Low Current Flag	
7N	High Current Flag	
70	Motor Temperature Flag	
7P	Analog Output A	
7Q	Analog A Scale	
7R	Analog A Maximum Adjustment	
7S	Analog A Minimum Adjustment	
7T	Analog Output B	
7U	Analog B Scale	
7V	Analog B Maximum Adjustment	
7W	Analog B Minimum Adjustment	
8	Display	
8A	Language	
8B	FI Button Action	
8C	F2 Button Action	
8D	Display A or kW	
8E	User Screen - Top Left	
8F	User Screen - Top Right	
8G	User Screen - Bottom Left	
8H	User Screen - Bottom Right	
81	Graph Data	
8J	Graph Timebase	
8K	Graph Maximum Adjustment	
8L	Graph Minimum Adjustment	
8M	Current Calibration	
8N	Mains Reference Voltage	
80	Reserved	
9	Motor Data-2	
9A	Dual Thermal Model	
9B	Motor FLC-2	
9C	Locked Rotor Time-2	
9D	Locked Rotor Current-2	

ОГ	Matau Carda Fartau 2	
9E	Motor Service Factor-2	
10	Start/Stop Modes-2	
10A	Start Mode-2	
IOB	Start Ramp-2	
10C	Initial Current-2	
10D	Current Limit-2	
IOE	Adaptive Start Profile-2	
IOF	Kickstart Time-2	
10G	Kickstart Level-2	
10H	Stop Mode-2	
101	Stop Time-2	
10]	Adaptive Stop Profile-2	
10K	Adaptive Control Gain-2	
10L	Brake Torque-2	
10M	Brake Time-2	
11	RTD Temperatures	
IIA	RTD/PT100 A °C	
IIB	RTD/PT100 B °C	
IIC	RTD/PT100 C °C	
IID	RTD/PT100 D °C	
IIE	RTD/PT100 E °C	
HF	RTD/PT100 F °C	
IIG	RTD/PT100 G °C	<u> </u>
12	Slip-Ring Motors	
12A	Motor Data-1 Ramp	
12B	Motor Data-2 Ramp	
12C	Changeover Time	
12D	Slip Ring Retard	
15	Advanced	
15A	Access Code	
15B	Adjustment Lock	
15C	Emergency Run	
15D	Shorted SCR Action	
16	Protection Action	
16A	Motor Overload	
16B	Excess Start Time	
16C	Undercurrent	
16D	Instantaneous Overcurrent	
16E	Current Imbalance	
16F	Frequency	
16G	Input A Trip	
16H	Input B Trip	
161	Motor Thermistor	
16]	Starter Communication	
16K	Network Communication	1
16L	Heatsink Overtemperature	1
16M	Battery/Clock	
16N	Ground Fault	
160	RTD/PT100 A	-
16P	RTD/PT100 B	
16Q	RTD/PT100 C RTD/PT100 D	
16R 16S	RTD/PT100 D RTD/PT100 E	+
165 16T	RTD/PT100 F	+
16U	RTD/PT100 F	+
16V	RESERVED	+
16W	Reserved	+
16X	Low Control Volts	+
20		+
20	Restricted	

13 Busbar Adjustment Procedure

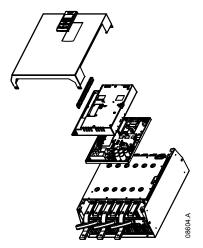
The busbars on non-bypassed models EMX3-0360C \sim EMX3-1600C can be adjusted for top or bottom input and output as required.



NOTE

Many electronic components are sensitive to static electricity. Voltages so low that they cannot be felt, seen or heard, can reduce the life, affect performance, or completely destroy sensitive electronic components. When performing service, proper ESD equipment should be used to prevent possible damage from occurring.

All units are manufactured with input and output busbars at the bottom of the unit as standard. The input and/or output busbars can be moved to the top of the unit if required.

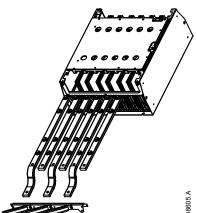


- I. Remove all wiring and links from the soft starter before dismantling the unit.
- 2. Remove the unit cover (4 screws).
- 3. Remove the keypad faceplate, then gently remove the keypad (2 screws).
- 4. Remove the control terminal plugs.
- 5. Gently fold the main plastic away from the starter (12 screws).
- 6. Unplug the keypad loom from CON I (see note).
- 7. Label each SCR firing loom with the number of the corresponding terminal on the backplane PCB, then unplug the looms.
- 8. Unplug the thermistor, fan and current transformer wires from the model board.
- 9. Remove the plastic tray from the starter (four screws).



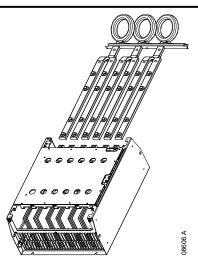
NOTE

Remove the main plastic slowly to avoid damaging the keypad wiring loom which runs between the main plastic and the backplane PCB.



- Unscrew and remove the magnetic bypass plates (models EMX3-0620C to EMX3-1600C only).
- 11. Remove the current transformer assembly (three screws).
- 12. Identify which busbars are to be moved. Remove the bolts holding these busbars in place then slide the busbars out through the bottom of the starter (four bolts per busbar).

BUSBAR ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE



- 13. Slide the busbars in through the top of the starter. For input busbars, the short curved end should be outside the starter. For output busbars, the unthreaded hole should be outside the starter.
- 14. Replace the dome washers with the flat face towards the busbar, then tighten the bolts holding the busbars in place to 20 Nm.
- 15. Place the current transformer assembly over the input busbars and screw the assembly to the body of the starter (see note).
- 16. Run all wiring to the side of the starter and secure with cable ties.



NOTE

If moving the input busbars, the current transformers (CTs) must also be reconfigured.

- 1. Label the CTs L1, L2 and L3 (L1 is leftmost when looking from the front of the starter). Remove the cable ties and unscrew the CTs from the bracket.
- 2. Move the CT bracket to the top of the starter. Position the CTs for the correct phases, then screw the CTs to the bracket. For models EMX3-0360C ~ EMX3-0930C, the CTs must be placed on an angle (the left hand legs of each CT will be on the top row of holes and the right hand legs will be on the bottom tabs).

BUSBAR ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE



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